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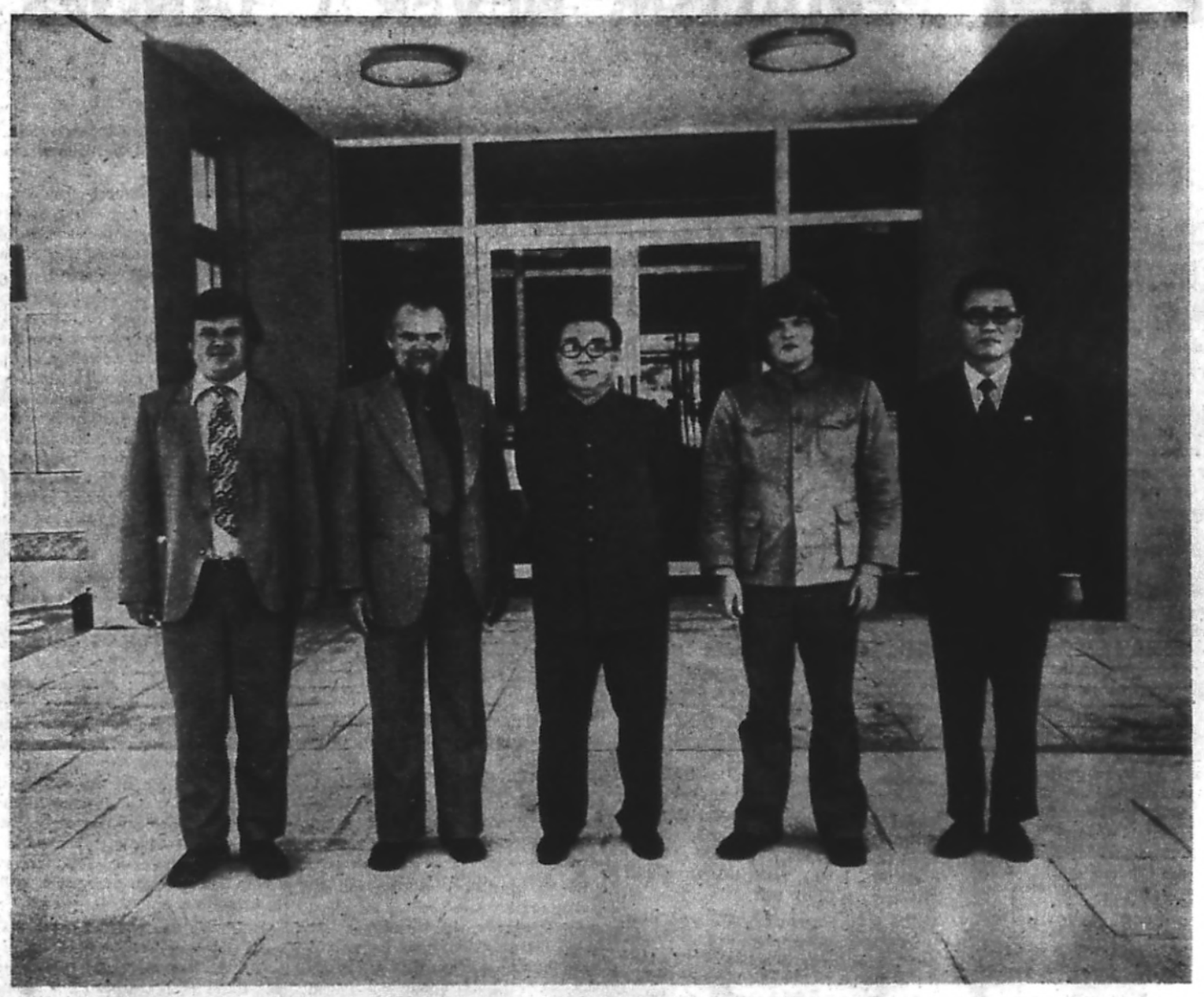

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses with the delegation of the Socialist Popular Party of Denmark after receiving them

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Foreign Guests

Delegation of Socialist Popular Party of Denmark

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, on June 28 received the delegation of the Socialist Popular Party of Denmark now on a visit to our country.

Present there were the members of the delegation headed by Comrade Gert Petersen, Chairman of the Socialist Popular Party of Denmark and Member of Rigsdag of the Kingdom of Denmark.

Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personage concerned Kim Yong Sun were also present.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the same day the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a luncheon in honour of the delegation.

Friendship Delegation of People's Republic of Bangladesh

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on July 1 received the visiting friendship delegation of the People's Republic of Bangladesh.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Mirza Golam Hafiz, Chairman of the Bangladesh Committee of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers, and member of the delegation Nigar Shahid, daughter of the President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh.

Comrade Ho Dam, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Foreign Minister, was on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially met the guests and had a conversation with them in a friendly atmosphere.

TELEGRAMS

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to **Kristjan Eldjarn**, President of the Republic of Iceland, on the occasion of the national day of the Republic of Iceland.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, received a message from Comrade **Gustav Husak**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party and President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, and Comrade **Lubomir Strougal**, Premier of the CSR Government, in reply to the message of greetings sent on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the liberation of Czechoslovakia.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Husain the First**, King of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, in reply to the message of greetings sent on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the independence of Jordan.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Delegation of Chongryon Officials and Delegation of Korean Traders and Manufacturers from Japan

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, received on July 3 the delegation of officials of Chongryon (General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) which is spending happy days in the socialist homeland.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Hwang Ui Sun, Vice-Director of the Political Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon.

Also present there were Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personage concerned Li Ho Nam.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially met the members of the delegation and conversed with them in an amicable atmosphere. The great leader posed for a photograph with them.

The members of the delegation, cherishing deep in their hearts the infinite glory and happiness of being granted an audience of the great leader, firmly resolved to remain loyal to the fatherly leader singleheartedly and reverentially wished the great leader good health and a long life.

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, on June 30 received the delegation of Korean traders and manufacturers from Japan which is spending pleasant days in the socialist homeland.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Cho Bong Dae, Chairman of the Fukuoka Prefectural Association of Traders and Manufacturers of Chongryon.

Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personage concerned Li Ho Nam were on hand.

When they saw the great leader whom they always revere and hold in high esteem in the depths of their hearts, the members of the delegation shouted again and again "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader!" wishing good health and a long life to the fatherly leader, the sun of the nation.

The great leader cordially received the members of the delegation, tightly grasping their hands, and gave them highly important teachings to be the guide-line in the patriotic work of Chongryon.

The delegation members firmly resolved to justify the deep trust and solicitude shown by the fatherly leader with loyalty, upholding with a whole heart and carrying to thorough fulfilment the great leader's highly important teachings.

The great leader posed for a photograph with the delegation members.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a luncheon on the same day in honour of the delegation.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Sends Gifts to Mozambican President

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung sent gifts to Samora Moises Machel, President of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and President of the People's Republic of Mozambique.

Song Gi Tae, DPRK Ambassador to Mozambique, courteously conveyed on June 24 the gifts sent by the great leader to Armando Gebusa, Member of the National Political Committee of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and Minister of Home Affairs, who had been authorized by President Samora Moises Machel, according to a report from Maputo.

Receiving the precious gifts sent by the great leader to President Samora Moises Machel, the Minister of Home Affairs said, deeply touched: **"On behalf of President Machel, I express deep thanks to respected Comrade Kim Il Sung for his precious gifts".**

He stressed that this was a striking manifestation of the militant unity and solidarity between the parties, governments and peoples of Korea and Mozambique.

On June 26, the Mozambican President received the Ambassador of our country.

Expressing profound thanks for the great leader's precious gifts, the President said: "I hope you will convey my heartfelt thanks and best regards to Comrade President Kim Il Sung."

(KCNA)

"Full Support to the Three Principles and Five-point Policy of National Reunification Advanced by President KIM IL SUNG"

International Press Conference on Korean Question Adopts Appeal to World Public Opinion, Governments of Various Countries and United Nations

The international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels to express support to the Korean people's struggle for forcing all the foreign troops to withdraw from south Korea and achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country expressed serious concern for the situation prevailing in Korea today and adopted an appeal to world public opinion, the governments of various countries and the United Nations.

Noting that the split of the country by outside forces which has been continuing for over 30 years has spelled enormous misfortunes to the Korean people and it poses a constant threat to the international situation and peace in Asia and the world, the appeal said:

In order to put an end to such a situation, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put forward time and again fair and aboveboard proposals for reunifying the country in a peaceful way on democratic principles without any foreign interference.

The Government of the Republic proposed that democratic elections be held throughout the north and the south and a unified central government be set up.

And the Government of the Republic proposed to institute, if this is impossible at this moment, a north-south Confederation as a transitional step with the political and economic systems existing in the two regions left as they are now.

President Kim Il Sung of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea advanced the following three principles to be adhered to in realizing the country's reunification:

1. **Completely independent reunification, that is, rejection of outside forces;**
2. **Peaceful reunification, that is, renunciation of the use of arms;**
3. **Great national unity, that is, achievement of the unity of the whole nation, political parties and segments aspiring to reunification, transcending the differences in ideology, political view and economic and cultural systems.**

President Kim Il Sung also put forward the following five-point policy of national reunification in June 1973:

1. **To remove the military confrontation and ease tension between the north and the south;**
2. **To materialize many-sided cooperation and interchange between the north and the south;**
3. **To convene a Great National Congress composed of representatives of people of all strata, all the political parties and social organizations in the north and the south;**
4. **To institute the north-south Confederation under the single nomenclature of Confederal Republic of Koryo;**
5. **To enter the United Nations as a single state under the name of the Confederal Republic of Koryo.**

In order to carry this programme to materialization, democracy should be ensured in south Korea. But, there has been created a situation contrary to this.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" proclaimed a "state of emergency", disbanded the "national assembly" and seized absolute power. This "regime" has also intensified suppression, arrested and imprisoned many people and is suppressing even churches on charges that they "are spreading dangerous ideas" and "are engaged in subversive activities."

The international press conference held in Brussels on June 15, 1976 addresses an appeal to world public opinion, the democratic governments of various countries and to the United Nations, hereby declaring:

The Korean people, a homogeneous nation with a culture and a history thousands of years long must be reunited.

It fully supports the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification advanced by President Kim Il Sung.

It demands the immediate withdrawal of the foreign troops from south Korea.

It demands the realization of democratization in south Korea and the immediate release of the politicians arrested by the Pak Jung Hi "regime".

It appeals to all the progressive forces of the world to launch an international solidarity movement in support of the Korean people's struggle for the country's peaceful reunification.

The press conference expresses the belief that the realization of the five-point policy for national reunification will create conditions favourable for the country's peaceful reunification in conformity with the hope of the Korean people, remove the terrible misfortunes the Korean people are undergoing and guarantee peace in the Far East and the rest of the world.

(KCNA)

We Will Expand International Solidarity Movement for Supporting Korean People's Just Cause of National Reunification and Make It More Organized

International Press Conference on Korean Question Successfully Held in Brussels

An international press conference on the Korean question was successfully held in Brussels, the capital of Belgium, on June 15 amid great attention of the European public circles, according to a report.

Hanging on the background of the platform of the conference room was the deep-blue and red flag of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea with a radiant five-pointed star.

On display at the well-furnished conference room were many classic works including "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country", an immortal brilliant work of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the immortal Juche idea.

Pictures showing the great successes made by our people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader and pictures showing the corrupt south Korean society and exposing the manoeuvres of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique to start a new war were also on show.

The press conference was attended by high-ranking personnel of political parties and social organizations, prominent public figures and men of culture from various European countries including Belgium, France, Switzerland, Norway, Finland, Sweden, Denmark, Austria, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain and Britain, members of international organisations including the International Association of Democratic Lawyers and the World Committee for Defending Human Rights of the People, Belgian News Agency and TV reporters and correspondents of noted news agencies, radios, newspapers and magazines of different countries including AP, UPI, AFP, Kyodo, Hsinhua and TASS.

Among the attendants were the delegate of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Also present there were Kwon Mal Ja, Japanese-born Korean girl who left her study in south Korea halfway, indignant at the barbarity of the puppet south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency", Choe Sok

(Continued on Page 5)

AGGRESSIVE NATURE OF IMPERIALISM NEVER CHANGES

On the occasion of "Day of Struggle against US Imperialism," "Rodong Sinmun" and "Kunroja," organs of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, published a joint article headlined "Aggressive Nature of Imperialism Never Changes," which was carried in "Rodong Sinmun" on June 26.

Follows the full text of the article:

* * *

Twenty-six years have passed since the US imperialists unleashed a war of aggression in Korea.

The Korean war started by US imperialism stripped it stark naked to reveal its true colour, ferocity and barbarism as the chieftain of aggression and war and roundly exposed its vulnerability.

After suffering a defeat in its war of aggression in Korea, US imperialism has been dealt one hard blow after another, before its wounds were healed, by the powerful revolutionary struggle of the popular masses once oppressed and maltreated, and has been driven into a more acute crisis.

But, the US imperialists, far from drawing a proper lesson from this, still refuse to renounce their wild ambition for world supremacy. Resorting to the policies of aggression and plunder, they are craftily working to lay a roadblock on the way of the revolutionary cause of the people and gravely menacing world peace and security.

It must be noted that the US imperialists are still occupying the southern half of our country and committing all kinds of criminal acts while intensifying new war provocation manoeuvres against the northern half of the Republic.

Today when imperialism is going downhill and its vulnerability and corruption have become most pronounced, its aggressive and predatory nature is taking a more ferocious and crafty form.

In order to defend world peace and win victory in the revolutionary cause of the people, it is necessary to clearly see through the aggressive nature of imperialism and fight staunchly against its policies of aggression and war.

1

Aggression and plunder are in the very nature of imperialism. Imperialism cannot exist without them.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"It is the nature of imperialism to perpetrate aggression and plunder. Imperialism which is not aggressive would no longer be imperialism. Imperialism will not change its aggressive nature before it dies."

The aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism has its socio-economic basis in the capitalist system itself under the reign of the monopolies.

Monopoly is the basic characteristics of imperialism and its intrinsic nature.

What the imperialist monopolies seek is to get the maximum monopolistic high-rate profits. Without squeezing these profits, the monopoly capital can neither maintain its existence nor expand and consolidate its monopolistic position.

Insatiable is the greed of the monopoly capital for the maximum profits.

To gratify this brigandish lust, the imperialist monopolies commit without hesitation all kinds of criminal brutalities, harshly exploiting and fleecing the people at home, wresting others' territories and vanquishing other nations. The whole history of imperialism up to date is a history of aggression stained with blood and a cursed history of pillage. Imperialism was born of the sea of blood in aggression and pillage and has fattened on the blood of aggression and plunder.

A war of aggression brings a shower of undue profits to the big monopolies while spelling immeasurable distress to millions, tens of millions of the people.

The annual profits reaped by the US imperialist monopolies averaged 5,400 million dollars in the period between 1936 and 1939 before World War II. And they jumped to 21,500 million dollars during World War II from 1941 to 1945. In the period from 1950 to 1952 during the Korean war, they hit the high of 42,500 million dollars, or nearly double the figure during World War II. In 1965 alone when the war was raging in Viet Nam, the US imperialist big munition monopolies got the fabulous super-profits to the tune of 43,000 million dollars.

The US-led imperialists are clinging to the manoeuvres of aggression and war everywhere, feverishly seeking ultra reaction and fascism in politics and stepping up the militarization of economy and arms race. This is an inevitable outcome of the unlimited expansionist ambition of the imperialist monopolies.

The aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism does never change, but becomes more crafty and ferocious, even if its strength saps.

This is explained by the fact that the imperialist big monopolies go to extremes in their greed for the monopolistic high-rate profits, whereas the conditions for attaining it become more difficult.

The imperialists are now undergoing a serious crisis internally and externally.

The imperialist forces have become very weak while the world revolutionary forces including socialism and the national liberation movement have grown rapidly.

Particularly, the national liberation struggle in Asia, Africa and Latin America has grown in an unprecedented scale, with the result that the new-emerging forces, the powerful anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of our times, have taken their place on the stage of history. This has deprived imperialism of vast raw material resources, zones of investments and markets where they had freely committed pillage and squeezed a colossal amount of profits in the past days, and sharply narrowed its sphere of influence.

Modern imperialism is also floundering in a serious economic crisis unprecedented in history.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The raw material, fuel and food crises have become aggravated on the worldwide scale and many capitalist and imperialist countries are in the grip of an economic crisis."

The economic crisis the capitalist world is undergoing today is broader in scope and more acute than any previous one. This economic crisis is sweeping the whole of the capitalist world, affecting all its domains—production and circulation, finance and banking, etc.

Economic upheavals are particularly serious in the United States.

Social unrest is now growing in the United States owing to the sharp drop in production, runaway inflation, steady rise in prices and millions of the unemployed overflowing the streets. Worse still, the US economy is handicapped by the acute fuel crisis. Shrill cries are coming even from the US reactionary ruling quarters that the US economy would hardly support itself any longer unless a new fuel market and a new fuel base are explored.

The US-led imperialists are twisting and turning in their last-ditch efforts to extricate themselves from the present economic crisis sweeping the capitalist world. But they cannot get out of this crisis by any means. The vigorous struggle of the non-aligned countries, the countries of the new-emerging forces, to protect their natural resources is throwing the imperialists into a still more serious economic crisis.

All these serious crises the capitalist world is undergoing inevitably abet the avaricious desire of the big monopolies for greater interests and sphere of influence, and this desire goads the imperialists into new manoeuvres of aggression and war.

The imperialists invade and subjugate other countries and persistently resort to the policies of aggression and war particularly against the growing world revolutionary forces in an attempt to retake their former positions and seize new sources for guaranteeing the monopoly capital more secure profits.

History clearly shows that whenever the imperialists face a serious crisis, they seek a solution in aggression overseas, notably in a war of aggression.

The two world wars which plunged mankind into scourges were started by the imperialists for getting out of their serious economic crisis and bridging over their worsening political crisis. The imperialists tried to find a way out of the economic crisis that was sweeping the capitalist world before these world wars in the redivision of the colonial sphere of influence and occupation of others' territories and they started the wars at last to attain this aggressive and predatory goal.

The US imperialists' wars or aggression in Korea and in Indochina were also connected with the then serious political and economic crisis in the United States.

Today the US imperialists are becoming more vicious and crafty in their policies of aggression and war. This reveals their desperate attempt to get out of their serious crisis.

It is by no means fortuitous that, in order to extricate themselves from their present economic crisis, especially, the serious fuel crisis, the war bosses of US imperialism are putting pressure upon the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, endowed with abundant fuel and raw material resources and even openly threaten that they would wrest the resources of these countries by force of arms.

All the facts indicate that the aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism remains unchanged and so does the wild ambition of US imperialism for world supremacy.

As a wolf cannot change into a lamb, so the aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism can never change as long as its socio-economic basis exists. It is not the nature of imperialism but the method of its aggression that changes. Today when the monopolies engendering the aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism remain as you find them and the politico-economic crisis of the capitalist world turns for the worse, the methods employed by imperialism resorting to oppression and plunder of people and to manoeuvres of aggression and war against other countries grow craftier and more vicious. This is the inherent physiology of imperialism which originates from aggression and plunder.

Modern imperialism is a system of the harshest exploitation and oppression of the home people, a system of the most brutal plunder and subjugation of other countries and a system of most reactionary and brutal monopoly that regards aggression and war as a means of accumulation of fortunes.

2

The aggressive and predatory nature of imperialism is manifested today in diverse forms, crafty and vicious.

Particularly, it finds a striking manifestation in the counter-revolutionary aggressive policy and global strategy of US imperialism, the chieftain of modern imperialism.

Driven by its invariable wanton desire to rule the world, US imperialism is going on the rampage in its manoeuvres of aggression and war against socialism and the national liberation movement, and here it resorts to all sorts of insidious strategy and methods of aggression.

The keynote of the US imperialists' present global strategy is that they are stepping up the war preparations covertly, hanging up the signboard of "peace" ostensibly.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The US authorities are resorting to the double-faced tactics. On the one hand, they employ the tactics of putting up the signboard of 'peace' to fool people while, on the other, working craftily to expand military bases and step up war preparations."

The imperialists resort to two tactics—acting as a "hangman" and as a "monk", outright violence and appeasement and deception—to maintain their reactionary rule and carry out overseas aggression.

For the imperialists these two tactics are indivisible, each being the prerequisite for the other. Depending on the situation and the object, they push to the foreground sometimes the policy of "strength" or the hypocritic appeasement and, in case of need, apply these two tactics alternately to the same object under the same situation.

After the Second World War the US imperialists, bragging that they were "the strongest in the world", displayed feverish activities to realize their wild ambition for world supremacy, invariably relying on the policy of "strength" in the form of nuclear blackmail, armed invasion of other countries and so forth. But their strategy of pushing the policy of "strength" to the fore was dealt a heavy blow by the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle of the world people and the international balance of forces turned further to the disadvantage of imperialism.

Under such situation, the US imperialists pushed the so-called "peace strategy" to the fore, advertising a U-turn policy, and clung tighter than ever before to a crafty double-faced tactics against the world revolutionary forces.

The US imperialists, clinging to the double-faced tactics, are noisily talking about "world peace", "detente", "friendship" and "cooperation" and styling themselves a "guardian of peace". This is, to all intents and purposes, nothing but a hypocrisy to veil their aggressive nature.

As facts show, the imperialists always prepare and commit a war of aggression while crying for "peace" and, after starting it, they try to justify it with "peace" hoax.

Peace can never be expected from the imperialists, because of their original nature.

The "peace strategy" of the US imperialists does not mean that the aggressive nature of imperialism has changed or they have renounced the policies of aggression and war.

Showing off the "peace strategy", the US imperialists have never stepped back and will never step back from the position of "strength", the policies of aggression and war.

While crying for "peace", the US imperialists launched the war of aggression in Indochina and the Middle East war and caused the "Caribbean crisis".

Though they are loud-mouthed about "peace" and "detente", the US imperialists are, in actuality, getting overheated in arms expansion and preparations for a global war.

Ever since they came forward with a "peace strategy", the US imperialists have steadily increased their military spendings for a war purpose.

In fiscal 1953 when the US imperialists were engaged in a war of aggression in Korea, the military appropriations of the United States added up to 50,400 million dollars. But it augmented to 59,600 million dollars in fiscal 1963 after they put in the foreground the so-called "peace strategy", to 76,200 million dollars in fiscal 1968, to 87,700 million dollars in fiscal 1975. It will reach 106,000 million dollars in fiscal 1977.

Now the bosses of the US imperialists are crying out for "peace through strength". They openly claim that for the United States to "maintain the world's first-rate military power" is the "most important guarantee for peace" and are becoming more frenzied than ever before in arms expansion, especially in the expansion of nuclear armaments.

The US imperialists have their aggression forces constantly stationed at their aggressive military bases lying scattered all over the world and work with extra zeal to strengthen such aggressive military alliances as the "US-Japan Security Pact" and the NATO.

All these facts patently show that the "peace strategy" is a product of the unchanged aggressive nature of the US imperialists, that it is a reversed war strategy and a variety of the policy of "strength".

Clear is the aim of the US imperialists in this "peace strategy". By paying lip-service to "peace" they seek to cloak their ugly colour as an aggressor and plunderer, gain time to expand their armaments in a big way, quell the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle of the peoples, weaken the world revolutionary movement and hasten the preparations for a new world war.

It is sarcasm for the US imperialists to palaver that they are ready to "limit their armaments" for the sake of "peace".

Never in history have the imperialists laid down a single rifle in their hands of their own accord. The counter-revolutionary arms are the chief means of aggression of imperialism.

The real purpose of the US imperialists' cry for "limitation of armaments" is, in the final analysis, to weaken the defence capabilities of other countries under the deceptive slogan of "peace" and gain US military superiority, superiority in nuclear weapons in particular.

While hastening war preparations by clinging to the double-faced tactics, the US imperialists are directing the spearhead of aggression to the Asian, African and Latin American regions and desperately committing aggressive acts against the new-emerging forces.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has pointed out:

"While stepping up the war preparations, the US imperialists are now scheming to find a solution by splitting the countries of the third world and destroying them one by one."

The strategy of directing the spearhead of aggression against the three continents and destroying the countries of the new-emerging forces one by one is the most important component of the US imperialists' global strategy at present and a counter-revolutionary aggressive strategy concentrically showing the reactionary nature and viciousness of the US imperialists.

The US imperialists have long resorted to direct armed intervention, a war by proxy through their lackeys, threat, blackmail, bribery, hypocritic appeasement and subversive activities and sabotage and all other manoeuvres of aggression and interference to keep the newborn independent countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America under their control and domination. Still today they are employing all these crafty and vicious aggressive methods to destroy these countries one by one.

One of the craftiest methods employed by the US imperialists at present is precisely the manoeuvres of split and alienation. These manoeuvres are the main substance of the US imperialists' strategy for destroying the countries of the new-emerging forces one by one today.

The US imperialists feel scared and uneasy about the fact that today the peoples of the new-emerging forces are quite awakened and are energetically waging a joint struggle against imperialism and colonialism, closely united under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, and they resort to the vicious splitting and alienating manoeuvres to break the latter's unity at any cost.

Craftily exploiting the territorial problems, consequences of the imperialist colonial rule, and various other problems in the three continents and the differences in political idea and religious belief, in the economic conditions and development of the countries in these regions and a number of difficulties lying in the way of the new-born independent states, the US imperialists are trying to drive a wedge and sow the seeds of discord among them to pit them against each other.

The US imperialists use especially food, weapons and money to win over certain countries and abet them to stand against other countries holding fast to the stand of anti-imperialism and independence.

The US imperialists' splitting and alienating manoeuvres are, in the final analysis, a crafty trick to undermine the unity of the new-emerging forces and make them fight among themselves and thus fish in troubled waters and a sinister move to weaken the anti-imperialist forces of the three continents and regain their former nest.

Another vicious method of aggression employed by the imperialists today against the countries of the new-emerging forces is subversive activities and sabotages.

By resorting to this vicious method US imperialism tries to subvert the independent and progressive governments of the new-born independent countries and put its followers and lackeys in their places and thereby subjugate these countries politically.

After the Second World War US imperialism hatched plots more than 100 times in all parts of the world including the regions of the three continents to topple the governments of national independent states which refused to be obedient to it. Various subversive activities and sabotages, such as assassination of leading government officials and counter-revolutionary rebellions, are applied to these plots of US imperialism.

The US Central Intelligence Agency is the ringleader carrying out and instigating subversive activities and sabotages and counter-revolutionary rebellions against the countries of the new-emerging forces and other countries which go against the grain with the United States. This notorious institution of espionage and plot is committing unimaginably brutal criminal acts against the peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces and the progressive people of the world. Its nature is being disclosed with increasing clarity within and without the United States.

The subversive activities and sabotages of US imperialism against the countries of the new-emerging forces are a wicked manoeuvre to destroy them one by one and subjugate them to it and constantly threaten the national sovereignty of the new-born independent countries.

The imperialists use the so-called "aid" as an important means of establishing their neo-colonial domination over the tri-continental countries.

While clamouring as if the Asian, African and Latin American countries could not free themselves from backwardness and poverty without receiving its aid, US imperialism pursues the policy of "aid" under the pretext of helping them in "development" and "progress."

However, because of their brigandish nature, the imperialists are in no position to honestly help other countries in economic development. Their "aid" is, in essence, a form of monopoly capital's expansion overseas and, accordingly, this is only intended to bleed white the peoples of the "aid"-receiving countries and enslave them.

Today the imperialists are infiltrating capital and surplus commodities into various countries of the three continents through different forms of "aid" labelled as "loan" and "development" and, using it as a bait, are raking up huge profits and taking away great quantities of resources.

The imperialists, at the same time, widely use the multinational companies for intensifying their plunder of developing countries and make desperate efforts to maintain their old international economic order.

The imperialists' predatory policy against the new-born independent countries impedes the industrialization of these countries and bars their building of an independent national economy.

The imperialists seek through their "aid" not only to place the "aid"-receiving countries under their economic yoke but to establish a political control over them and interfere in their internal affairs, rendering their independence nominal and, furthermore, force these countries to follow their policies of aggression and war and reduce them to their military appendage. It is well known a fact that the US imperialists are so impudent as to threaten that they will "take sanctions" through the "aid" medium against the national independent states which oppose the US policy of aggression and support the just cause of the peoples in the international arena.

And the imperialists are working feverishly to intensify the reactionary ideological and cultural offensive against the new-born independent countries, foster national nihilism and flunkeyist servility among their peoples and implant among them the "anti-communist" idea and fin-de-siecle way of life. By this ideological and cultural intrusion, the imperialists intend to ideologically disarm the peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces and make them impotent, subsequently leading them back to the road of dependence.

The US imperialists' policies of aggression and war against socialism, the national liberation movement and other progressive forces of the world bring into a bold relief the invariable aggressive nature of modern imperialism and prove that US imperialism is the most truculent strangler of the people's cause of justice and peace.

3

The most truculent aggressive nature of US imperialism and its true colour as a robber find a more concentric expression in its policy of aggression on Korea.

US imperialism is the imperialism which began stretching its crooked hands of aggression to Korea more than 100 years back and has practised a thousand and one crafty and vile ruses to swallow up our country; it is the imperialism which, after the liberation of the Korean people from the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, illegally occupied south Korea and has forced immeasurable misfortunes and sufferings upon the Korean people, perpetrating every kind of criminal acts of aggression.

The crimes of aggression committed by the US imperialists in Korea are already widely known to the world.

By placing south Korea under their military occupation, the US imperialists have artificially split our country and people, imposed the unbearable tragedy of national split upon our people who had lived as one nation through many years and hampered the coordinated development of our country.

The US imperialists have converted south Korean society into a living hell and totally subordinated all the human and material resources of south Korea to their policies of aggression and war by occupying south Korea and turning it into their colony and military base.

The US imperialists not only seized south Korea and enforced a harsh colonial fascist rule there but also unleashed a brigandish war of aggression against our Republic with south Korea as a military base, reduced our peaceable towns and villages to ashes and committed the thrice-cursed bestial acts of indiscriminately murdering our people, men and women, young and old.

The US imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their aggressive policy towards Korea which present a graphic picture of the brigandish aggressive nature and brutality of imperialism, have recorded a most shameful and disgusting chapter in the US history of aggression besmeared with crimes.

All the criminal policies of aggression which the US imperialists have pursued against the Korean people over the last 30 odd years, trampling the south Korean soil under their blood-stained combat boots are more brutal than any of the hateful aggressive methods employed by the imperialists against other countries in the past; they have no parallel in brutality and brigandism, brazenness and craftiness.

(Continued on Page 3)

AGGRESSIVE NATURE OF IMPERIALISM NEVER CHANGES

(Continued from Page 2)

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The US imperialists are applying to Korea the same artifice of aggression they are employing everywhere in the world. They are scheming to divide our country and continue to hold south Korea in their grip."

The basic aim pursued by the US imperialists in their policy of aggression on Korea is to keep south Korea for ever as their military strategic stronghold and colonial raw material base and invade the whole of Korea and, furthermore, dominate Asia and the world by using it as a stepping-stone.

This aim of US imperialism remains unchanged as ever.

To achieve this aim, the US imperialists have been employing the counter-revolutionary strategy of aggression to split Korea and occupy south Korea permanently from the very day when they occupied south Korea.

Today, in particular, as they sustained an ignominious defeat in Indochina and are being expelled from various parts of Asia, the US imperialists put forward a more heinous aggressive doctrine called "New Pacific Doctrine" and are directing the spearhead of aggression to Korea and trying to keep hold on south Korea and turn it into an important stronghold for bolstering up their colonial ruling system in Asia, which is crumbling and collapsing.

In order to keep Korea split and seize south Korea as ever, the US imperialists are resorting, above all, to the criminal moves to perpetuate their military occupation of south Korea.

The US imperialists' policy of permanent occupation of south Korea is the most brutal policy of aggression for keeping hold on a half of the territory of our country and a part of the nation by "strength" and trampling underfoot for ever the national sovereignty of our people, their inviolable right. This is an irrefutable proof bringing into a most salient relief the vicious nature and wild ambition of US imperialism which commits aggression and plunder against other countries.

By origin, occupying other countries' territories by force of arms is the most barbarous and brigandish method of aggression employed by imperialism to realize its aggressive aim and expansionist ambition in those days when it acted arbitrarily, lording it over the world.

Still employing this anachronistic policy of aggression today when the peoples have emerged as the masters of the world and all the nations are carving out their destinies by themselves, the US imperialists try to enforce it continuously in the southern land of our country.

The US imperialists are persistently trying not to withdraw their aggression troops from south Korea, talking about what they call "US national interests", in an attempt to keep occupying south Korea at any cost in defiance of the unanimous opposition of the entire Korean people and the progressive peoples of the world. They are instigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to eagerly beg for the US imperialist aggression troops' continued presence in south Korea. The US imperialists have gone so far as to doggedly oppose a fair resolution of the United Nations calling for the dissolution of the "UN Command" and the withdrawal of the US troops, letting out such preposterous sophistry as the "balance of forces" in Korea and the "fulfilment of commitments".

To seize south Korea indefinitely, the US imperialists are resorting to the criminal manoeuvres to create "two Koreas" by fixing the split of Korea, while continuing their military occupation of south Korea. This also reveals in all nakedness the insidious aggressive design of US imperialism on Korea.

The US imperialists' policy of dividing Korea into two permanently is the most anti-popular aggressive policy, in which the traditional divide-and-rule method of aggression of the imperialists and colonialists is blended with the American-style shamelessness and brigandage.

As history shows, the imperialists and colonialists often employed the brigandish aggressive method of dividing other countries and nations according to the racial relations, religious beliefs and languages, along with the policy of direct war of aggression and occupation by force of arms, in conquering and ruling other countries and nations.

But US imperialism, the chieftain of world imperialism and the bulwark of modern colonialism, uses not only this method but the brigandish splittist policy to divide and invade at will a people who had lived harmoniously as a homogeneous nation through a long historic period. The splittist policy pursued by US imperialism towards Korea is its typical instance.

The attempt to split arbitrarily at the point of the bayonet a people who are all of the same stock and form one nation, have the same spoken and written language and created the same culture and history in one territory for thousands of years cannot but be construed as a robberlike criminal act which can be perpetrated only by a rapacious imperialism which is accustomed to aggression and mad over it.

It is the unanimous aspiration of the entire Korean people to rejoin the severed vein of the nation and reunify the split country. In order to realize the desire of the Korean people for reunification, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has put forward the most just policy for national reunification and has been making all sincere efforts for its implementation.

Ostensibly US imperialism wants Korea's peaceful reunification, with a heinous aggressive design on Korea, but in fact it categorically opposes all the fair and reasonable proposals of the Government of our Republic for national reunification and has been resorting to all sorts of manoeuvres to deepen the split of Korea.

If they truly want the peaceful reunification of Korea, why do the US imperialists so obdurately oppose the materialization of the principles and agreed points of the July 4 North-South Joint Statement, the keynote of which is the three principles—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity?

When the North-South Joint Statement was published and the north-south dialogue started, the US imperialists said on the one hand that they "support" and "welcome" them and, on the other, putting up the brigandish logic that the dialogue must be backed up by "strength", sharply increased the military and economic "aid" to the south Korean puppet clique, impelled them towards "confrontation" and "competition" instead of unity and cooperation and towards the rupture of dialogue. They went so far as to openly hatch the criminal international plots to create "two Koreas" by raking up splittists within and without.

Today the north-south dialogue has been deadlocked and a graver difficulty created to the solution of the question of Korea's reunification. This is entirely due to the unpardonable criminal manoeuvres of the US imperialists to occupy south Korea permanently and keep it as a colony and military base.

US imperialism is the heinous criminal artificially splitting the Korean people who had lived as one nation in the same territory for thousands of years; it is the malicious splittist trying to attain its aggressive design by fixing this split for ever and the main obstacle lying in the way of the reunification of our country.

The US imperialists are enforcing the most anti-popular and reactionary, fascist terror rule in south Korea to achieve their aggressive design on Korea.

The fascist rule enforced by the US imperialists in south Korea today is the most brigandish and sanguinary one without a parallel in any part of the world.

They are further reinforcing the fascist rule in south Korea, with an aim to maintain the ever more tottering colonial ruling system and hasten the war preparations still more by ruthlessly suppressing and stamping out all the elements which stand in the way of executing their policy of aggression.

The US imperialists instigated the south Korean puppet clique to establish an unheard-of fascist tyrannical system which they called "revitalized system", expand repressive apparatuses of all descriptions in a big way, proclaim "an emergency martial law" in addition to "a state of emergency" and turn south Korean society into a horrible land of terror and death, a prison without bars, where rule by secret police, terror rule and murderous atrocities prevail.

The US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique started the frantic "anti-communist" rackets under the signboard of so-called "national consensus" and "national security" and are arresting right and left, bestially torturing and murdering people of all strata in south Korea who demand the reunification of the country and the democratization of south Korean society. They indiscriminately arrested and imprisoned even those democrats and believers who made public "the Declaration for Democracy and National Salvation" and are trying to inflict penalties upon them.

Owing to the draconic fascist rule of the US imperialists and the puppet clique, today the people in south Korea cannot see, hear or speak freely with their own eyes, ears and mouths and south Korean society has been literally turned into a human slaughter-house where even the elementary democratic rights and liberties of man are totally trampled down and guiltless people demanding justice and truth are suppressed and murdered at random.

The US imperialists never let a chance go by without describing themselves as an incarnation of "freedom" and "democracy". But the present fascist terror rule in south Korea amply proves that they are the very incarnation of fascism and terrorism and the heinous foe of freedom and democracy.

The "revitalized system" set up by the US imperialists in south Korea is the most savage fascist system to maintain the fascist dictatorial rule of the puppet clique of Pak Jung Hi, their carefully groomed lackey, vicious traitor and warmaniac, and to keep south Korea as their colony and military base; it is a system of split to block the reunification of Korea and stamp out every trend toward national reunification in south Korea and a system of war provocation to wreck peace and ignite a new war of aggression in Korea.

The US imperialists are also tightening their economic domination still further in order to keep their political and military domination over south Korea.

They think it is necessary for their permanent occupation of south Korea to place south Korea in their tight grip economically, while keeping their armed forces of aggression there for a long period and reinforcing the fascist tyrannical rule. By more thoroughly subjugating south Korea economically, they try to subordinate the economy of south Korea more completely to the execution of their war policy and plunder it to cope with their serious economic crisis on the one hand and, on the other, seize the financial and economic life of the puppet regime and more tightly control and dictate it politically to make it an economic lever for their permanent occupation of south Korea.

It is not without reason that the US imperialists continue giving economic "aid" to south Korea, while cutting it to other dependent nations, and induce even Japanese monopoly capital in a big way into south Korea to make its economy an appendage of both the US and Japanese monopoly capital.

They are hard at work to ignite a new war of aggression against the Korean people so as to obstruct the reunification of Korea, perpetuate their occupation of south Korea and realize their aggressive design on the whole of Korea.

Today the US imperialists, seeking a way out of their serious political and economic crisis in the provocation of a new war of aggression, try to make its breakthrough in Korea which holds the most important place in their Asian strategy at present. By igniting a new war of aggression in Korea, they try to tide over the extremely serious crisis of the colonial rule in south Korea, dominate the whole of Korea and, further, block the growth of the revolutionary forces in Asia and maintain their colonial ruling system.

They invented a barefaced lie about "threat of southward aggression" which does not exist and a preposterous pretext that the "security" of south Korea "is vital for the security of Asia and the United States", declared south Korea the "forward defence area" of the United States and are reinforcing their armed forces of aggression and the puppet army and continuously shipping into south Korea large quantities of mass destruction weapons including nuclear weapons and combat equipment and a large amount of ammunition to deploy them along the Military Demarcation Line. The US imperialist warmaniacs went the length of openly threatening and blackmailing that they would not hesitate to use nuclear weapons against the Korean people and are frenziedly whipping up a war fever, loudly talking about a "9-day operation plan" and "5-day war plan".

The US imperialists are staging almost every day war exercises in the air and on the ground and sea simulating an attack on the northern half of the Republic under the name of the so-called "south Korea-US joint military exercise" and encouraging the south Korean puppet army to reckless military provocations.

If they truly want peace in Korea, why do they, ignoring the just proposal of the Government of our Republic for the conclusion of a "peace agreement", mass their huge aggression forces in south Korea far away from the US mainland and stage war exercises reminiscent of actual combat one after another, further coiling up the tension?

In order to ignite a new war of aggression in Korea they also tighten the political and military tie-up still more with the Japanese reactionaries and get them deeply involved in their policies of aggression and war towards Korea.

At the zealous instigation of US imperialism the Japanese reactionaries have already stretched out their talons of reinvasion to south Korea in real earnest. They are not only joining US imperialism in the "two Koreas" plot but hastening all preparations to involve themselves in a new war in Korea, wielding the dark sword of aggression, in case it breaks out.

In fact, the new war provocation manoeuvres of the US imperialists have today created an extremely grave situation in Korea, which may lead to the outbreak of a war again at any moment, and a great danger which may wreck peace and security in Asia and, further, a universal world peace with the Korean peninsula as a blasting fuse.

The US imperialists' manoeuvres to provoke a new war in Korea at present are the principal factor jeopardizing peace and security in Korea and Asia and disturbing world peace.

The US imperialists' policy of aggression towards Korea which is a sum total of all methods and forms used by the imperialists and colonialists in their aggression on other countries through a historical period and surpasses them several times, scores of times, in viciousness and brutality, in other words, the US imperialists' nation-splitting policy, policy of permanent military occupation, fascist repressive rule and predatory policy and policy of new war provocation, in south Korea, eloquently tells that US imperialism is the most brutal and ferocious aggressor of the present time.

US imperialism is the very one opposing peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification and the inveterate enemy of the Korean people.

4

Modern imperialism led by US imperialism is intensifying the policies of aggression and war by various crafty and vicious methods to cover up its true colour as an aggressor and plunderer and extricate itself from the crisis. But, what it can get from this is only a heavier blow and ruin.

As history shows, imperialism is bound to take the road of decay and fall because of its inherent contradictions and no force can prevent this.

The process of decay and fall of imperialism is not one confined to an imperialist country but a process of decay and fall of the imperialist world as a whole. Particularly the position of US imperialism, the chieftain of modern imperialism, is becoming more and more difficult.

US imperialism is making desperate efforts, bluffing more arrogantly than ever before. This is not a sign of its mightiness. On the contrary, it shows its vulnerability.

The history of the US imperialists up to this date since the Korean war in which they suffered their first disgraceful defeat is a criminal history of aggressions and wars and a history of defeats they sustained going downhill at an accelerated tempo.

The US imperialists' defeats in the Korean war and the Indochinese war, the victory of the Cuban revolution, the appearance of the new-emerging forces, the expansion and development of the non-aligned movement and the deepening political and economic crises of US imperialism—all this furnishes a clear evidence of the process of US imperialism's decay and fall.

The myth about the "mightiness" of US imperialism, the myth about its being the "saviour" and the myth about "America being first and almighty" which led people astray once have long been shattered to pieces and its "magic strength" has gone for good.

The policies of aggression and war of US imperialism are going bankrupt as the days go by and it is rejected everywhere. The more desperately it clings to the policies of aggression and war, the stronger resistance of people it will meet and the further the process of its decay and fall be accelerated.

No illusion or expectation should be harboured about US imperialism. Only when a principled stand is firmly maintained against US imperialism and a resolute anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle waged, can peace be preserved and consolidated and the victory of the people's revolutionary cause promoted.

Holding higher the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle, our people will more stubbornly fight to check and smash the US imperialists' policies of aggression and war.

To make the US imperialist aggressors withdraw from south Korea and reunify the country is the greatest national task of our people and an important link in the whole chains of the anti-imperialist struggle going on on a world-wide scale.

The question of our country's reunification is, in essence, a question of taking back the territory and people robbed by the US imperialists and establishing national sovereignty on a nation-wide scale.

The basic policy invariably maintained by the Government of our Republic in the struggle to reunify the country is already known well to the world.

It is to realize the country's reunification independently by the efforts of the Korean people themselves on a democratic principle and in a peaceful way without any outside interference.

Our people will more stubbornly fight to further strengthen our internal revolutionary forces, thoroughly frustrate the US imperialists' "two Koreas" plot and their manoeuvres for the permanent occupation of south Korea and the provocation of a new war and accelerate national reunification with the united strength of the whole nation under the banner of the independent and peaceful reunification.

To strengthen the international revolutionary forces and cement solidarity with them is one of the important conditions for achieving the country's independent and peaceful reunification and accelerating the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution and is the consistent policy of our Party and the Government of our Republic.

To unite with the world revolutionary people and develop the friendly and cooperative relations with them under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence is an important guarantee for creating an international climate favourable to our revolution and hastening the victory of the world revolution.

Our people will as ever actively strive to strengthen the unity and cohesion with the socialist forces and the international communist movement.

Our people will positively support and encourage the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America in their anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle and further strengthen and develop unity and cooperation with the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries.

The Korean people will vigorously struggle against the imperialists' policies of aggression and war and for the victory of the common cause of world peace and human liberation, joining hands with all the peaceloving peoples of the world who advocate independence and strive for progress.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The world's anti-imperialist revolutionary forces will definitively defeat imperialism and win final revolutionary victory, if they are strongly united and administer successive blows at imperialism and bring pressure to bear upon it everywhere."

The unity of all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces is a source of invincible strength, and a reliable guarantee for victory in the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle.

If the socialist forces, the countries of the new-emerging forces and all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of the world firmly unite, bring pressure to bear upon imperialism and deal a counterblow at it, they will certainly frustrate the imperialists' aggressive and belligerent manoeuvres, safeguard sovereignty and win the victory of the common cause of peace, democracy, national independence and socialism.

What is particularly urgent is to strengthen unity and cooperation among the peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces, the peoples of the non-aligned countries, in the common struggle against imperialism and for independence.

The new-emerging forces which have taken their place on the stage of history in the fierce flames of the national-liberation struggle are a powerful anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times and a powerful driving force advancing human history. At present, Asia, Africa and Latin America are the front of the fiercest anti-imperialist struggle dealing a heavy blow at the imperialists.

The peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces, the peoples of the non-aligned countries, can advance hand in hand with each other in firm unity under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence, transcending the differences of system, political idea and religious belief, for the commonness of their past position and the commonness of their present struggle.

If the peoples of the countries of the new-emerging forces, the peoples of the non-aligned countries, heighten vigilance against the crafty splitting and alienating plots of the imperialists not to be taken in by them or follow them, and fight in firm unity for the common goal, they can win in the struggle against any imperialism, destroy the old international order set up by the imperialists and establish a new one conforming to the interests of the world people.

A shining fruit reaped by relying upon this unity is the great success achieved by the countries of new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, at the 6th Special Session of the UN General Assembly on Raw Materials and Development, the 7th Special Session of the UN General Assembly on Development and International Economic Cooperation, the UN Conference on Sea Law, the Conference of the Developing Countries on Raw Materials, the Lima Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-aligned States and the 4th Session of the UN Conference on Trade and Development in recent years.

The socialist countries and the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, and the peaceloving countries acted in unity at the 30th Session of the UN General Assembly for the adoption of a just resolution on the Korean question which calls for the disbandment of the "UN Command" in south Korea and the withdrawal of the US troops from there and a resolution on denouncing Zionism as racism, thereby dealing a heavy blow to the imperialists.

The countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, should further cement their militant unity and ties under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence to hit hard the imperialists, accomplish the cause of national liberation and achieve the victory of the common cause of national prosperity and grandeur.

For the countries of the new-emerging forces not only to unite politically but also to closely cooperate economically is an important demand for putting an end to the pillage by imperialism, achieving economic independence and promoting independent development.

The countries of the new-emerging forces have great potentiality for economic cooperation. They have various kinds of rich natural resources and have experiences and techniques they can swap with each other.

If the countries of the new-emerging forces develop economic and technical cooperation in a many-sided way on the principle of filling each other's needs, helping each other and learning from each other, they can smash the economic pressure and blockade policy of the imperialists, build an independent national economy and achieve rapid progress.

In order to unite and successfully carry out the common cause of independence against imperialism, the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, should struggle against imperialism as well as its despicable lackeys.

The Pak Jung Hi clique of traitors in south Korea, the Zionists in the Middle East and the Vorster and Smith racists in Africa are the tools of the imperialists in their policy of aggression and war, the vicious agents of colonialism and the stepping-stones of the imperialists in their aggression on the countries of the new-emerging forces.

Imperialism uses these lackeys in its attempts to infringe upon the sovereignty of the countries of the new-emerging forces, threaten their independence, create unrest and disturbance and, further, weaken the new-emerging forces. It is an important part of the anti-imperialist struggle to thoroughly isolate and repudiate the lackeys of imperialism who oppose the countries of the new-emerging forces, clinging to the coattails of imperialism.

Today the general international situation is developing to the advantage of the revolutionary cause of the people and to the disadvantage of imperialism and the reactionary forces.

For all the desperate efforts of the imperialist reactionary forces led by US imperialism the international revolutionary forces are growing, their solidarity strengthening and the revolutionary struggle of the peoples constantly developing.

Imperialism is a moribund force whose days are numbered and the revolutionary struggle of the people is a new force bringing earlier a bright future of mankind.

Though there may be difficulties and obstacles and twists and turns on the road of the revolutionary struggle, it is an inexorable law that imperialism and colonialism go to ruin and the struggle of the people against imperialism and for independence emerges victorious.

With no desperate efforts can the imperialists and reactionaries of all brands stem the powerful trend of history or stamp out the just cause of the people.

If the imperialists persistently follow the road of adventurous war, going against the trend of history, it will only result in hastening the final doom of imperialism.

By struggling with united strength, the world progressive people will resolutely check and foil the imperialists' aggressive and belligerent manoeuvres and certainly build a world without imperialism and colonialism and any form of aggression and plunder, a new, peaceful and prosperous world.

Sure to emerge victorious is the common revolutionary cause of the world people who are fighting against the imperialists' policies of aggression and war and for defending peace and for a bright future of mankind, holding high the banner of independence.

EDITORIAL

Growing International Support and Solidarity for the Korean People's Just Cause

The earliest, rational solution of the Korean question is of great significance in the development of general international situation.

This is why the world's people who value justice and peace are actively supporting the Korean people's cause for national reunification and are strongly demanding the withdrawal of US troops from south Korea.

The letter of Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent to parliaments and governments of various countries in connection with the prevailing situation in our country is calling forth world-wide support and response. In reply to this letter heads of state of many countries sent to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung letters and messages expressing strong support and solidarity for the Korean people's just cause. Also letters of support came to our country from heads of state, governments, parliaments and parties in power of scores of countries including socialist countries and non-aligned nations.

Houari Boumedienne, President of the Council of Revolution of Algeria and Chairman of the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States, sent a letter on May 22 this year to heads of state of the non-aligned countries, calling on them to make efforts so that the Non-Alignment may take common stand favourable to the just cause of the DPRK. The Foreign Minister of Algeria, too, sent a letter in the same vein to the non-aligned states. In their replies to these letters many non-aligned nations evinced their determination to support the Korean people's struggle as ever.

With a view to strengthening the solidarity movement for the Korean people's struggle the support-Korea's reunification bodies were organized in many countries of Asia, Africa, Europe and Latin America and even in the United States and are carrying on brisk activities. In the letters sent to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung these bodies were unanimous in writing that today it is a central task in the struggle against imperialism and for the defence of peace to support and encourage the Korean people in their righteous cause. And they trenchantly condemned US imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their criminal acts in Korea, strongly demanded the unconditional and immediate withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea in accordance with the UN resolution and expressed their determination to intensify the international solidarity movement for the cause of national reunification.

Along with this, public circles, publications, news agencies and radios in different countries are giving ever stronger support to the Korean people's cause of national reunification.

All this furnishes a convincing proof of the correctness of our Party's independent foreign policy and its policy for the country's reunification which were advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and clearly shows that the support and solidarity of the world's people for the struggle of the Korean people grow stronger as the days go by. This is also much conducive to strengthening the unity of anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of the world.

The active support and encouragement and solidarity of the world's people for the just cause of the Korean people are greatly encouraging us, whereas they prove a severe blow to the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

We Korean people are deeply grateful to all the countries and peoples for giving positive support and encouragement to our cause of the independent, peaceful reunification by joining us in demanding US troop pullout from south Korea.

Our Party's policy of national reunification proposed by the great leader displays greater vitality day by day for its validity.

Our Party and the Government of our Republic have consistently followed the policy of reunifying the country independently by the Korean people themselves and in a peaceful way on a democratic principle without any foreign interference. This is the most aboveboard and rational policy that exactly reflects the interests and desire of our nation.

Our policy for national reunification conforms with the aspiration of the world's peoples who are opposing all forms of aggression and intervention, control and subordination and are advocating independence. At the same time it is in line with the requirement of the present era.

That is why this policy finds emphatic response among the broad sections of world's people.

As rightly pointed out by the world public, at present it is a matter of great urgency in the struggle against imperialism and for the defence of world peace to prevent war in Korea and support and encourage the Korean people in their struggle for the country's independent, peaceful reunification.

A prerequisite for elimination of the danger of war in Korea and achievement of its independent and peaceful reunification is the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and the replacement of the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The US imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their aggressive policy are the main obstacle to the independent and peaceful reunification of our country and are the basic factor in daily increasing the danger of new war in Korea."

In keeping their aggressor troops stationed in south Korea the US imperialists pursue nothing but the aim of blocking Korea's reunification and igniting a new aggressive war against our country.

The US imperialist aggressor troops occupying south Korea are the chief stumbling block to Korea's independent and peaceful reunification and are a basic factor in aggravating tension in Korea and increasing war danger.

Driven out of Indochina, the US imperialists got even more feverish in their efforts to invade the whole of Korea and other parts of Asia by keeping south Korea in their clutches as the last stronghold in Asia and unleashing a new war. They mapped out the adventurous war plans, increased their aggressive armed forces in south Korea, introduced on a large scale up-to-date weapons and combat equipment including nuclear weapons, reinforced the frontline and staged war games reminiscent of actual combat. Thus, they have led the situation in Korea to the brink of war.

On account of the war provocation manoeuvres of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppets, danger of war daily increases in Korea—the danger of an upward thrust from the south. The situation is so critical that war may break out any moment.

This is an important factor in gravely menacing peace not only in Korea but also in the rest of Asia and the world.

To force the US imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea is an urgent issue in accelerating Korea's independent, peaceful reunification and safeguarding peace and security in Asia and the world.

The Korean people's struggle to make the US imperialist aggressor troops withdraw from south Korea and reunify the country is a main link in the whole chains of the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle now afoot on a world-wide scale.

Little wonder that the world's people who stand for independence regard the Korean people's struggle as their own and as the legitimate struggle in line with the demands of the times, express firm solidarity with it and strongly call for the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea and the replacement of the Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement. At the same time they pungently castigate and reject the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are pleading for the US imperialist aggressor troops' prolonged presence in south Korea.

The world's people are strengthening solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people and are calling for the pullout of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea. This is very opportune and justifiable in view of the demands of the present situation and the interests of world peace.

With no desperate machination, however, can the US imperialists achieve their aggressive ambition on Korea and check the Korean people's just cause for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Today calling for the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and supporting the Korean people's cause of national reunification have become the trend of the times that no force can check.

The US imperialists must pay heed to the voices of the times, desist from the aggression and war machinations against the Korean people and quit south Korea unconditionally, taking with them their aggression troops and lethal weapons.

If the US imperialists do not withdraw from south Korea but trigger off an aggressive war, in defiance of the warnings of the Korean people and the world's people, they will surely sustain a crushing defeat.

Our people will not fail to drive the US imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea, realize the historic cause of national reunification and make a contribution to world peace and security, with the strong support and encouragement of the socialist countries, non-aligned countries, countries of new-emerging forces, and all the other peace-loving countries and peoples of the world.

At Present It Is Most Rational Way of Discussing and Solving Question of Country's Reunification to Convene Great National Congress

C.C., Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland and North-South Coordination Commission (Our Side) Issue Joint Statement

The Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland and the North-South Co-ordination Commission (our side) issued a joint statement on July 3 on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of the publication of the North-South Joint Statement.

The joint statement stressed that at present it is the most reasonable way of discussing and solving the question of the country's reunification to convene a Great National Congress consisting of representatives of the political parties and social organizations in the northern half and of personages of various strata and representatives of the political parties including the Democratic Republican Party and social organizations in south Korea.

The statement recalled that on July 4, 1972, the North-South Joint Statement whose keynote is the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity advanced by the respected and beloved leader of our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, was made public and a dialogue started between the north and the south.

This, the statement said, was a historic event of epochal significance in the struggle of our people for carrying out the cause of national reunification.

The whole course of the north-south dialogue up to this day from the historic day was that of confrontation between the patriots and traitors, between the two different stands—one for a reunified Korea and the other for "two Koreas", the statement noted, and went on:

We have made every effort to make the north-south dialogue a dialogue for reunification and remained true to the spirit of the North-South Joint Statement in which the three principles of national reunification were laid down.

But the south Korean authorities, taking a stand diametrically opposed to ours from the beginning, have used the dialogue for perpetuating the national split in subservience to the "two Koreas" policy of US imperialism.

In the conference room they categorically rejected all the reasonable proposals advanced by our side, saying that they "are premature" and outside the conference room systematically violated the principles of national reunification agreed upon between the two sides.

The flunkeyist traitors of south Korea have taken the road of further tightening their tie-up with the outside forces, put up "anti-communism" as their invariable "basic policy", incited north-south confrontation, reinforced the puppet army, brought in large quantities of lethal weapons and ceaselessly intensified new war provocation manoeuvres, the statement pointed out, and continued:

The south Korean authorities who had sought the national split behind the facade of the dialogue set up the "revitalized" dictatorial system, a system of fascism, war and division, in October 1972 and even made public the so-called "special statement" in June the next year, openly declaring the permanent division of the nation.

It was at this critical moment when the nation was in danger of permanent division that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, put forward the historic five-point policy of national reunification, clearly indicating before our people the road to reunification and national salvation, noted the statement.

Refering to the fact that our side advanced various rational proposals to make the dialogue a dialogue for reunification, the statement continued:

The south Korean authorities, however, answered our patient efforts with intensified manoeuvres for national split.

In particular, they put up "anti-communism" and "vanquishing communism" as the last resort for what they called "survival" and sought a test of strength with us more viciously than ever before, more vociferously clamouring about the fictitious "threat of southward aggression" after the US imperialists and their lackeys sustained a defeat in Indochina. They have gone the length of spelling out the rigmarole that "division is better than unification".

The whole course of the north-south dialogue, an epitome of patriotism and treachery, irrefutably proves who in our country really strives for reunification and who plots to split the nation, who is faithful to the Joint Statement and who tramples it underfoot.

In the final analysis, difference between us and the south Korean authorities in the settlement of the reunification question is not difference in its ways and means but difference in basic stand and stance.

It is very clear that under this situation the dialogue cannot proceed between us who want the reunification of the country and the south Korean authorities who plot for permanent division, no matter how hard we may work for its resumption.

The north-south dialogue is one for reunification on all accounts. It is not one for division.

We consider that at present it is the most rational way of discussing and solving the question of the country's reunification to convene a Great National Congress.

To convene a Great National Congress is the most correct way to achieve the great national unity throughout the country and powerfully organize and mobilize the entire Korean people in the north and south to the struggle for the reunification of the country.

These days south Korean political and public circles demand that the north-south dialogue be held on a "non-governmental basis". This conforms with our consistent policy of widening the scope of the dialogue, we think.

The south Korean authorities must no longer play the foolish farce of flouting fellow countrymen and world public opinion, crying for sham "dialogue" and sham "unification".

If the south Korean authorities truly want the reunification of the country, they must radically change first of all their anti-national policy of seeking fascism and war, treachery and division, in conformity with the spirit of the North-South Joint Statement based on the three principles of national reunification.

We will resume the dialogue with the south Korean authorities if they stop their suppression of democrats, release the arrested and detained youth, students and patriotic figures, put an end to the fascist rule, take the road of democracy, give up the nation-splitting machinations and strive for reunification.

We Hope Korean Reunification Will Be Achieved Without Any Outside Interference

Many Countries Actively Support DPRK SPA Standing Committee's Letter Addressed to Parliaments and Governments of All Countries

Speaker of Nat'l Assembly of State of Kuwait

The National Assembly of the State of Kuwait on May 29 put on its agenda and discussed the March 4 letter sent by the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Parliaments and governments of all countries of the world in connection with the tension created of late in our country.

Many members of the National Assembly took the floor.

Referring to the March 4 letter of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the National Assembly of the State of Kuwait, they noted that the stand of the National Assembly of the State of Kuwait toward the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was friendly.

Saying that they were opposed to foreign interference in the internal affairs of friendly countries, they denounced the US rule over south Korea and the reinforcement of US troops there.

Hoping that the reunification of the north and the south would be achieved without any interference of outside forces, they stressed: The Korean people, a homogeneous nation, will attain the reunification of the country sooner or later.

Khaled Al Ghunaim, Speaker of the National Assembly of the State of Kuwait, sent a letter to Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, in connection with the discussion of the March 4 letter of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at his National Assembly.

The letter reads:

We received the letter of Your Excellency enclosed with the letter dated March 4, 1976 of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

In this connection, we decided to put the letter of your Standing Committee on the agenda of the National Assembly and many members took part in the discussion of your letter at the session of the National Assembly held on May 29, 1976.

YAR Foreign Minister

The Standing Committee of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly received on June 20 a letter from Abdullah Al-Asnaz, Foreign Minister of the Yemen Arab Republic, in reply to its letter sent to the Parliaments and governments of all countries of the world in connection with the tense situation created in our country of late.

The reply said:

The Foreign Ministry of the Yemen Arab Republic acknowledges the receipt of the letter sent by your Standing Committee to the Parliaments and governments of all countries of the world in connection with the tense situation that has been created in Korea due to the interference and threat of new war provocation of the United States and the south Korean authorities.

As already made clear, our policy rejects all sorts of outside interference in other countries.

Assuring you that our government joins your country in denouncing this outside interference and the US troops' manoeuvres and the plot of the south Korean authorities to provoke a new war, I hope that the reunification of Korea's territory divided into the north and the south and the Korean people will be achieved independently and peacefully without outside interference and I give you assurances that I will work to this end.

"Korea Today" Introducing DPRK Daily Prospering under the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Wise Leadership

Published in Japan

"Sanseido", a well-known publishing house of Japan, brought out the book "Korea Today" recently, according to a report.

It contains articles by Japanese prominent figures of various circles including Dietmen, trade unionists, scholars and men of culture who visited our country these years.

The book edited by critic Udai Fujishima vividly shows the remarkable progress of our country daily prospering under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Every word carries the authors' deep feeling of profound respect for the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The book consists of four parts—the first part "Travel to Korea", the second part "Received by President Kim Il Sung", the third part "Korea Advancing by Leaps" and the fourth part "Korea and Japan Today"—and appendix "Review of Korea."

The first part "Travel to Korea" contains seven articles including "The Dreamland of Socialism" by writer Tooru Miyoshi.

The second part "Received by President Kim Il Sung" consists of four articles by men of different circles who were received by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung including the travelogue "Words of the President" by Liberal Democratic Dietman Tokuma Utsunomiya.

Recounting the unbounded joy they felt when they had the greatest honour of being received by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the authors impressively write about the well-advised leadership of the respected and beloved leader and his lofty virtues and hope that the DPRK would further prosper and develop under the wise leadership of the great leader.

The third part "Korea Advancing by Leaps" contains six articles introducing our country's miraculous achievements in economic construction. Among them is the article "Korean Economy Leaping Forward, Guided by the Juche Idea" by Jun Nishikawa, Assistant Professor of Waseda University.

The fourth part "Korea and Japan Today" includes the article "Korean People Who Have Established Juche" by critic Udai Fujishima, the editor of this book.

In his comprehensive writing, the author recounts how the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, basing himself on the immortal Juche idea, is leading the Korean people along a highway to victory.

Though they differ in political view and affiliation, the authors are unanimous in expressing deepest respect and veneration for the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

They manifest their firm determination to invariably support and encourage the Korean people's cause of national reunification, deeply cherishing till the end of their lives the memory of the highest honour of having met him.

This book of a wide-range content spelled out in vivid words is now widely read in Japan.

Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique: Violator of North-South Joint Statement and Opponent of Reunification

The historic North-South Joint Statement was made public on July 4, 1972. Four years have drifted by since then.

And yet our country's reunification has not been achieved till now and even the dialogue for reunification has come to a deadlock after going through twists and turns for over three years.

In his talk on March 28 last with the Editor-in-Chief of the Japanese politico-theoretical magazine "Sekai" on a visit to our country, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The three principles clarified in the North-South Joint Statement were proposed by us and the south Korean authorities agreed to them. When publishing this statement, they consented to the three principles—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—and solemnly pledged before the whole nation that they would implement them in good faith.

However, as soon as the North-South Joint Statement was published, the south Korean authorities negated one by one the principles and agreements in this statement."

The south Korean authorities trampled underfoot, first of all, the principle of independence which is clarified in the Joint Statement.

When publishing the North-South Joint Statement, we put forward the principle of independent reunification, presupposing that Koreans should reunify the homeland by themselves without relying on the US or on any other nations. The south Korean authorities, too, told us definitively that they, as Koreans, would seek a policy of national reunification, without relying on any foreign countries.

The south Korean authorities, however, negated it immediately after publication of the North-South Joint Statement.

Li Hu Rak, the then Director of the south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency", blared out that "the UN is not an outside force" on the day following the release of the Statement. And Kim Jong Pil, the then puppet prime minister, prattled at a session of the puppet national assembly that "the UN is not to be regarded as an outside force. This is evident. So, however selfishly the north may construe, we will reject it."

Traitor Pak Jung Hi, ringleader of the puppets, sent a mission in haste to the United States to implore a prolonged presence of the US troops in south Korea.

The principle of independence constitutes a basic factor that enables us to solve the question of Korea's reunification.

As is generally known, Korea was divided on account of the US imperialists' occupation of south Korea. And her reunification has not yet been realized till now on account of their intervention, though over 30 years passed.

From this it follows that Korea's reunification will be hardly possible unless the US imperialists' military occupation of south Korea and their intervention are brought to an end.

The south Korean authorities, however, tried to keep the US imperialist aggressor troops wearing the "UN forces" helmet stationed in south Korea, raving that "the UN is not an outside force". This, in the final analysis, means that they have no intention to strive for national reunification but want to leave south Korea to the US imperialists as their colony and military base for good.

If, when meeting us, the south Korean authorities said that they tried to solve the question of national reunification through relying on outside forces or they intended to perpetuate the division of the country, we would never have published the Joint Statement with them.

In a meeting with us they promised solemnly that they would no longer serve the US or Japan as lackeys. But back at home they pleaded for a permanent occupation of south Korea by the US armed forces, and drew even the reactionary forces of Japan into south Korea on a large scale. Thus, they turned south Korea into even more complete dual colony of the US and Japanese imperialists.

The south Korean authorities violated also the principle of great national unity agreed upon in the Joint Statement.

It is pointed out in the Statement that the country should be reunified on the principle of great national unity, transcending the differences in ideologies, ideals and systems.

This principle emanates from the nation-wide character of Korea's reunification. It is another prerequisite to reunification. Unless the great unity of the whole nation is achieved, it will be impossible to terminate the colonial rule of US imperialism over one half of our territory and reunify the country by the Korean people themselves.

If the south Korean authorities really want to see the country reunified, there is no reason or pretext whatsoever for them to oppose that principle.

Little wonder even south Korean journalists protested against the high-ranking officials of south Korea, stating: "The North-South Joint Statement has been published. Now, the state of emergency declared under the pretext of the threat of aggression from the north should be ended and the anti-communist law and national-security law which are aimed at opposing communism be abrogated. Isn't that so?"

But the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique whose hearts were not in the national reunification from the start, blustered that there was no reason or ground for amending the "anti-communist law" and "national security law". On the strength of these laws they savagely suppressed and killed the south Korean people who called for national reunification, and feverishly carried on an "anti-communist" propaganda campaign against the northern half of the Republic.

This found its concentric expression in the fact that before 10 days hardly passed after publication of the Joint Statement they killed in cold blood Kim Gyu Nam, Kim Jil Rak, Pak Dae In, Chong Tae Muk and other patriots who were fighting for democratization of south Korean society and the country's reunification.

They fabricated the notorious "revitalized system" in October 1972. The "anti-communist law" was replenished ever more thoroughly.

The "revitalized system" was a system designed to make a showdown with us, a fascist system to suppress the south Korean people's desire for peaceful reunification and their movement for democracy and a system to split the country and bar the country's independent, pea-

(Continued on Page 6)

International Press Conference on Korean Question Successfully Held in Brussels

(Continued from Page 1)

Nam, President of the "Democratic ROK Veterans Association in the USA" and former brigadier general of the south Korean puppet army, and Masaki Tachikawa, Japanese journalist who had been kept in jail for a long time by the KCIA on a charge of having a talk with south Korean students.

In the opening address, Andre Leonard, National Secretary of the Socialist Party of Belgium, fully supported the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification put forward by President Kim Il Sung, demanded the immediate withdrawal of the foreign troops from south Korea and called for an extensive international solidarity campaign supporting the Korean people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

The delegate of our country spoke next.

He was followed by Kwon Mal Ja, Choe Sok Nam and Masaki Tachikawa.

Speeches were also made by high-ranking personnel of political parties and social organizations and public figures from European countries—Steiner Sper, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Socialist Left-Party of Norway; Marcel Tricon, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of France and Mayor of Arteuil; Eduard Hafner, General Secretary of the Progressive Organizations of Switzerland and Chairman of the Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification; Kurt Regner, Member of the Austria-Korea Friendship Association; and Ganer Petersen, Danish writer-journalist.

All the speakers expressed unbounded respect and reverence for the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, extended deep regards to him who had put forward wise and fair proposals for national reunification and fully supported and approved them.

In their speeches they scathingly denounced the "two Koreas" plot of the US imperialists and their stooges, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their new war provocation manoeuvres and the fascist suppression of the south Korean people and stressed that the progressive forces in Europe should thoroughly isolate the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the international arena and vigorously turn out for forcing the US imperialist aggression forces to withdraw from south Korea.

The sentiments of solidarity for the Korean people's cause of independent national reunification ran high at the press conference **when the appeal to world public opinion, the governments of various countries and to the United Nations was adopted with unanimous approval amid enthusiastic applause of the attendants.**

In connection with the adoption of the appeal, Remy Gillis, General Secretary of the Belgian Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, made a speech.

Pointing out that the situation in Korea remains constantly strained, as the US imperialist aggression troops are occupying south Korea and stepping up war provocation manoeuvres, he emphatically said: To build up public opinion on the European scale and strengthen the solidarity movement for a peaceful and fair solution of the Korean question is an important task facing the progressive forces of Europe.

At the end of the press conference, Andre Leonard, National Secretary of the Socialist Party of Belgium, made a speech.

He said: The attendance of correspondents from various countries and many high-ranking personnel of political parties and social organizations and noted public figures of a number of European countries clearly shows that the Korean question stands out as a very important question in the world.

Saying that he had acquired a clearer understanding of the grave situation obtaining in Korea at the press conference, he emphasized: The broad forces of Europe should not limit themselves to this press conference but expand the international solidarity movement for supporting and encouraging the Korean people's cause of independent national reunification and make it more organized.

Follows the list of the names of the sponsors of the international press conference on the Korean question:

BELGIUM

Andre Leonard, National Secretary of the Socialist Party of Belgium,
Marc-Antoine Pierson, President of the Group of the SPB Senate,
Herve Brouhon, President of the Parliamentary Group of the SPB,
Alain Van Der Biest, Deputy National Secretary of the SPB,
Jean-Pere Jadopt, Member of the National Secretariat of the SPB,
Lucien Hermegnies, Socialist Deputy and Ex-Government Minister,
Albert De Coninck, National Secretary of the Communist Party of Belgium,
Remy Gillis, Member of the Central Committee of the CPB,
Philippe Moureaux, Director of the Policy Institute of the SPB,
Jean Gayetot, National Secretary of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Belgium,
Jean Kevers, Senator from the Christian Socialist Party of Belgium,
Francois Houtard, Professor of the Louvain Catholic University,
Abbey Carette, pastor,
Paulette Pierson, teacher of the Brussels University,
Robert Dachet, General Secretary of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers

FRANCE

Alian Vivien, Member of the Leadership of the Socialist Party of France and Socialist Deputy,
Andre Aubri, Communist Senator,
Jean De Broglie, Vice-Chairman of the Independent Republican Party of France and Deputy,
Vercors, writer,
Yves Farge, peace champion,
Philippe Machefer, Member of the Leadership of the SPF,
Bernard Lemarie, Independent Senator,
Bernard Talon, Senator from the Republican Party of France,
Jeo Nordmann, President of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers,
Pierre Biquard, General Secretary of the World Federation of Scientists

ITALY

Enrico Berlinguer, General Secretary of the Italian Communist Party

SPAIN

Santiago Carillo, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Spain

SWITZERLAND

Eduard Hafner, General Secretary of the Progressive Organizations of Switzerland and Chairman of the Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification,
Jean Ziegler, Socialist National Councillor and Professor of the Geneva University,
Beat Schneider, Deputy to the Grand Council of Berne,
Andreas Herczog, National Councillor of Zurich

LUXEMBURG

Gaston Vogel, Lawyer and Chairman of the Luxemburg Solidarity Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification

THE NETHERLANDS

Ginnekin, journalist,
Avanhut, Secretary of the Netherlands-Korea Information Committee

NORWAY

Berge-Fure, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Socialist Left-Party of Norway

FINLAND

Anppi Pohjonen, Deputy of Social-Democratic Party

SWEDEN

Johan Elwon, Assistant Professor of the Uppsala University

DENMARK

Gert Petersen, Chairman of the Socialist Popular Party and Parliamentarian

AUSTRIA

Prof. and Dr. Herbert Steiner, President of the Austria-Korea Friendship Association,
Friedrich Heer, Professor of the Vienna University,
Prof. Ernst Florian Winter, writer of Brug-theafre

(KCNA)

"Pak Jung Hi Military Regime Is More Ferocious and More Vicious and Truculent Than Any Others Existing in This World"

Speech of Kwon Mal Ja (Gist)

Kwon Mal Ja, Korean student from Japan who left a university in south Korea at the halfway mark, infuriated by the brutalities of the puppet south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency," spoke at the international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels. In her speech Kwon Mal Ja branded the Pak Jung Hi "regime" as the thrice-cursed unpardonable fascist dictatorial regime and indicted it to the fair-minded people throughout the world.

She told the conference about her horrifying experiences in Seoul: She was walked away to the south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency" and subjected to sexual torture and compelled to write a false "confession".

Recalling that she was taken by force to the KCIA on August 5, 1975 when she was studying in south Korea, and tortured to confess that she "plotted against the Pak regime," she continued:

I had a dim consciousness and I was so exhausted that I could hardly sit. With a mere desire to live I said what they wanted to hear from me and sealed with my thumb the paper they had prepared.

In so doing, I had no idea that this would be used as an "evidence" proving the "campus spyring case" invented by them and hurt my schoolmates and involve their sacrifices.

For ten days after I was walked to the KCIA I was subjected to all sorts of threat and tortures and compelled to write a false "confession".

It forced me to make a solemn "pledge" that I would remain silent about my experiences in the KCIA. They yelled: "Don't say anything about tortures here, otherwise you will be detained again and punished severely".

My experience testifies that the Pak Jung Hi military regime is more ferocious and more vicious and truculent than any others existing in this world today.

On November 22, 1975 the Pak "regime" made a noisy fuss about the so-called "campus spyring case" to tide over its crisis. Among those implicated in this "case" are many students who were arrested due to my false "confession".

Between 1974 and 1975 the Pak Jung Hi "regime" fabricated the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" and the "second case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy", arrested thousands of students in south Korea and referred them to trials to impose upon them heavy penalties up to death sentence. In April last year the gangsters killed eight guiltless personages on charges of involvement in the "case of the People's Revolutionary Party".

Not content with this, they took 436 Korean students from Japan who were studying in south Korea to the KCIA and tortured them to fake up the "campus spyring case".

Besides me, many other Korean students from Japan studying in south Korea were taken to the KCIA and tortured to make false "confessions" which were later used in faking up a case. Among Korean students from Japan studying in south Korea there are many students who were subjected to tortures and humiliation and compelled to seal papers with their thumbs like me.

Many of them do not go back to Seoul. Most of them keep silent for fear of surveillance and retaliation from south "Korean CIA" operatives in Japan though they want to tell their experiences. They do not want to pronounce their names for fear that this may hurt their relatives.

In the method of faking up "anti-government cases" the Pak Jung Hi "regime" puts into the shame Hitler who set fire to the Reichstag to have a pretext for the crackdown upon the leftist forces.

The Pak Jung Hi clique do not hesitate to invent whatever false cases to keep its regime. The gangsters are committing such hideous brutalities as torturing people and violating their human rights and raping women.

After achieving their primary object of wresting a false "confession" from me by torturing me for several sleepless nights, they sexually assaulted me.

Besides me, there is another girl student from Japan who suffered from such a sexual attack. Though she wants to tell everything about her experiences, she refrains from doing so as her parents strongly reject this.

When I was in Seoul, I often heard that south Korean girl students were taken to the KCIA and raped or put to "sexual torture".

Through my experience I came to know clearly that this was true.

The brutal tortures employed by KCIA involve karate chop making the victim lifelong crippled, whiteglow lamp torture causing deliration to the victim, "sexual torture" causing mental humiliation to women, drug torture making the victim to speak out against his will, bamboo needle torture depriving the victim of his life after several months, electric torture, water torture and torture without sleep.

The KCIA operatives faked up the "campus spyring case" in April 1971 and jailed So Sung and his younger brother, Korean students from Japan, and put them to monstrous tortures baffling human imagination.

They threw them into a torture room and put them to electric torture, water torture and airplane torture every day. Not satiated with this, they employed against them the most hideous "Jinghis Khan cooking type torture" baffling human imagination. They hung Mr. So Sung upside down and burned his face. Then they threw him into a hot stove.

Owing to this hair-raising outrage, Mr. So Sung had serious burns all over. His mascular movement was paralyzed. He was unable to blink his eyes, because his eyes lost their function. And he was unable to turn his head, his jaw and neck scorched all over. Disfigured with scars of bloodcurdling torture, his original face was hardly recognizable.

In October and November 1972, they arrested even opposition national assembly members—Kim Nok Yong, Li Jong Nam, Kim Gyong In, Li Se Gyu, Cho Yun Hyong, Pak Jong Ryul, Choe Hyon U, Kim I Hyon, Hong Yong Gi, Yu Gap Jong, Cho Yon Ha—and put them to brutal torture.

KCIA agents arrested Prof. Choe Jong Gil of the Law College, Seoul University, on charges that he backed the students who fought for the democratization of society.

They put him to water torture, airplane torture and the whiteglow lamp torture which they termed "latest type".

When Prof. Choe fell unconscious, they took him to the sixth floor and put other clothes on him and threw him down from the window of a lavatory, killing him as they had planned. Then they announced that he committed a "suicide" and refused to hand his body to his family.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" also put to all sorts of brutal tortures the eight personages, who were executed on charges of involvement in the "case of the People's Revolutionary Party". They tortured Mr. Ha Jae Wan till his stomach was ripped. Mr. Ryo Jong Nam was deprived of all his fingers in tortures.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" which has committed so hideous tortures refuses to hand dead bodies to their families for fear that their brutalities may be exposed if they are medically checked. So, they cremate them and hand the families only the remains.

These facts are only part of savage tortures inflicted by the Pak "regime". Even at this moment, too, guiltless personages are put to brutal torture and killed in cold blood in the underground torture room of the KCIA on Namsan Hill.

At the time when the Japanese militarists invaded Korea in the past, Pak Jung Hi betrayed the Korean nation. He became a lieutenant of the Japanese army and slaughtered Korean patriots, wearing a Japanese sword at his side. And today he is repressing and killing south Korean people. But the people of the world do not know this fact well.

He arrested Kim Ji Ha, a well-known dissident poet, tortured him and put him on trial. He arrested south Korea's ex-president Yun Bo Son, ex-presidential candidate Kim Dae Jung, ex-foreign minister Chong Il Hyong, former university president Mun Dong Hwan and 4 other professors, 7 Catholics, 4 pastors and lawyers—20 in all—and staged trial farce on the ground that they called for the restoration of democracy.

All these facts prove again that Pak Jung Hi "regime" is a fascist regime without precedent.

Today in south Korea, students are put to death even when they distribute a handbill criticizing the present regime.

The student circles formed in the universities and colleges were all dissolved.

On the instruction of the KCIA, students are forbidden to organize independent functions, meetings or circle activities except they are mobilized to attend government-patronized functions sponsored by the school authorities.

In the schools there are special agents implanted by the KCIA. They disguise themselves as students and watch every movement of the students.

In Seoul University permission has to be obtained beforehand in case more than 10 students gather on the campus.

A police box was newly set up in front of the main entrance of Seoul University. Hundreds of mobile police stand ready here at all times. The Pak Jung Hi "regime" is blustering that this is the "biggest" police box in the world. The setting up of the biggest police box in the world in front of the gate of a university—this is an example symbolically showing the fascist nature and the ferociousness of the Pak Jung Hi "regime" today.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, bootlickers of the foreign imperialist forces, is utterly indifferent to the interests and desire of the people. The gangsters are only bent on gratifying their greed for power and lining their own pockets under the patronage of their master.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" is seeking division, in stead of reunification, and a fratricidal war, in stead of peace. The Pak Jung Hi "regime" backed by foreign aggressor forces is bent on perpetuating the national split.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" pursues the treacherous aim of keeping the country divided into two parts indefinitely in violation of the North-South Joint Statement that has enjoyed the support of the entire south Korean people.

This "regime" intends to keep the Pak Jung Hi one-man dictatorship in south Korea by perpetuating the split of our nation into two and remain in power permanently and wallow in luxury, utterly indifferent to the tragic death of people.

The Pak Jung Hi clique leave no brutal methods, plots and tricks untried to cover up its treacheries and gratify its lust for long-term office.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" is suffocating people by blindfolding their eyes and stuffing their ears and sealing up their mouths. It is desperately trying to divert elsewhere their grievances at it.

This "regime" is making a fuss about the fictitious "threat from the north" to create a terror-ridden atmosphere among people. The gangsters fake up a "case" in every three days to lead the people's attention elsewhere and maintain their fascist regime.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" which is barely maintained with US-made weapons and Japanese currency is only seeking reliance upon outside forces, national split, war and plunder of people and personal luxury and glory.

The Pak Jung Hi clique have committed a thousand and one vices. The hideous malfeasance the Pak Jung Hi clique practised, involved in the "Lockheed" scandal and "Gulf" oil scandal, the targets of world criticism, was exposed at the US Congress hearing, too.

We must not let the Pak Jung Hi fascist regime go scotfree.

Unable to tolerate all this any longer, the south Korean people are waging the vigorous struggle for the right to live and national reunification in the teeth of brutal repression.

The Pak Jung Hi "regime" is not only the enemy of the south Korean people but the common enemy of the fair-minded peoples throughout the world who respect justice, democracy and human dignity.

We must under no circumstances pardon the Pak Jung Hi "regime" which denies the south Korean people elementary and basic human rights and has turned the whole of south Korea into a huge prison in the true sense of the term.

I hope that all the fair-minded peoples throughout the world will raise their voices condemning the Pak Jung Hi "regime" which has imposed such unbearable sufferings upon the south Korean people. And I appeal to them to extend support to the people of south Korea ardently calling for human dignity, democracy and national reunification and stretch out the hands of rescue to the students and democrats now in prison.

"To Assist a War Fanatic Like Pak Jung Hi Is a Criminal Act to Obstruct the Reunification of Korea; The United States Administration Should Promptly Change Its Wrong Policy of Supporting and Assisting the Dictatorial Regime of South Korea"

Speech of Choe Sok Nam (Gist)

Choe Sok Nam, President of the "Democratic ROK Veterans Association in the USA" and former brigadier general of the south Korean puppet army, speaking at the international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels, stated that to assist a war fanatic like Pak Jung Hi is a criminal act to obstruct the reunification of Korea. He strongly demanded that the United States Administration promptly change its wrong policy of supporting and assisting the dictatorial regime of south Korea.

He said:

In the eyes of a patriot, outrages dictator Pak Jung Hi had committed after he robbed the power by means of military coup d'etat were intolerable to me. I left Korea and now reside in the United States.

The south "Korean CIA" is now manoeuvring in every way to keep away the Koreans residing in New York from their anti-Pak, anti-dictatorship struggle by threatening, blackmailing and conciliating them and making disruption within the Korean communities.

The Korean communities are in constant fear of persecution and machination by the KCIA. It is stretching the sphere of its machination to the social and political life of the United States.

It is an evident infringement upon the sovereignty of the United States that Pak's CIA agents stay permanently in the United States with the mask of "diplomats" persecuting the innocent Korean residents and splitting the Korean communities.

It is our guaranteed right to carry out anti-Pak, anti-fascist democratic movement and strive for the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea within what the United States constitution provides us with.

The United States government must stop the illegal activities conducted by the KCIA in the United States and expel all its agents from it. The viciousness of the KCIA was proved in full with its kidnapping of Kim Dae Jung in Tokyo, Japan, in August 1973.

Recently the KCIA is said to have framed a plot to abduct me in New York.

Last November a delegation of Korean businessmen in the United States visited Seoul at the invitation of Pak Jung Hi. There enlisted in it two men I know. The KCIA suggested that they should kidnap me when they met Kim Jong Pil, niece's husband of Pak and "prime minister" at that time.

I feel I am obliged to remind you of the fact that the KCIA is still drawing up another second and third Kim Dae Jung kidnappings.

I know I'll be threatened and blackmailed by the KCIA when I am back in the United States. But whatever trial faces me, I'll never give up my just cause. My struggle will continue to the final victory as I believe in the justness of the struggle for democracy and the reunification of my country.

Pak Jung Hi is a notorious military scoundrel.

I know Pak very well. He is a second term fellow graduate of mine from the "Military Training School of the ROK Army."

Pak's father was a traitor to the nation who served the Japanese aggressors by the end of the Li dynasty of Korea. Pak himself was a wicked officer of the Japanese army before the liberation of Korea. He graduated from the military training school in Manchuria and took a special course for "punitive operations". He became a lieutenant of the Japanese "punitive forces" and massacred countless Korean patriots fighting against Japs in Manchuria, thus devoting himself to the emperor of Japan.

After liberation he became a secret agent, slipped into the army and killed many patriotic officers and innocent people. He usurped the fruit of the April 19 Uprising by launching a military coup d'etat and appeared as a fascist dictator. He is so unfair and corrupt that he became a billionaire at a single bound after he seized the power in his hands.

Pak Jung Hi is a cruel profiteer who has undermined the national economy and allowed comprador capitalists to swagger about by introducing foreign monopolistic capital.

Pak Jung Hi is a traitorous gangster who opposes the independent, peaceful reunification and schemes the permanent division of Korea.

For 30 years our nation has been longing for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and at last come to publish July 4 North-South Joint Statement stipulating the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity.

But the north-south dialogue arranged after a long separation has been suspended and a serious obstacle has been laid on the way to reunification. It is because Pak Jung Hi machinates the permanent division of the country with an ambition for his "lifelong presidency". It is because the United States and Japan back his machinations.

It is the governments of the United States and Japan that support Pak's policy of permanent division mainly containing the simultaneous admission of "two Koreas" into the United Nations and the conclusion of "non-aggression pact" between the north and the south.

With the backing of the US and Japanese governments Pak "regime" is creating a horrible atmosphere of war with the clamour of the so-called "southward invasion" and running wild in oppressing the people.

Pak's atrocities against human rights stir up the public opinion over the world including the United States.

No one can predict what will be done by Pak. He is so barbarous and shameless that he might do whatever he needs to. In order to keep himself in power he would not mind starting a war, particularly in his last moments.

If a war breaks out the US troops in south Korea will be involved in it and another Viet Nam war will revive on the Korean peninsula. Neither Koreans nor Americans want war.

Now that Pak Jung Hi is raising war hysteria under the instigation of the United States Administration and a large number of nuclear weapons are retained by the US troops stationed in south Korea, the danger of war increases day by day, and the conscientious people of the world are deeply concerned about the development of the situation in Korea.

To assist a war fanatic like Pak Jung Hi is a criminal act to obstruct the reunification of Korea. The United States Administration should promptly change its wrong policy of supporting and assisting the dictatorial regime of south Korea and unite its efforts with the democratic forces in Korea so as to overthrow Pak's fascist regime, set up a genuine democratic government and achieve the national reunification on the basis of the three principles stipulated in the July 4 North-South Joint Statement.

At the conclusion of my speech I call upon you to raise your voice higher over the world in support to the just cause of our people for genuine democracy and peaceful, independent national reunification and help our nation eliminate the danger of war and achieve a permanent peace on the Korean peninsula.

The attendants of the international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels

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At International Press Conference on Korean Question Held in Brussels

South Korean Fascist "Regime" Is Harshly Suppressing Democratic Demand of People and Seeking Permanent Split, in Stead of Reunification

Speech of Masaki Tachikawa (Gist)

Masaki Tachikawa, Japanese journalist in Seoul, speaking at the international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels, denounced the south Korean fascist "regime" for harshly suppressing the democratic demand of the people and seeking permanent split, in stead of reunification. He had been taken to the puppet south "Korean Central Intelligence Agency" for the mere reason that he had an interview with south Korean students and jailed for nearly one year.

He exposed the crime of the Pak Jung Hi clique, saying that in April 1975 he was unreasonably arrested because of his interview in December 1973 with the leaders of the student movement after he met former "presidential" candidate Kim Dae Jung, national patriotic poet Kim Ji Ha and many other patriotic personages.

He stated:

The charge brought by the KCIA against me is violation of the "Anti-Communist Law", the "National Security Law" and the "emergency decrees Nos. 1 and 4". With regard to my interview with student leaders, they alleged that I had agitated the south Korean student movement in an attempt to overthrow the south Korean "regime" at the instruction of the Japan Communist Party.

The KCIA locked me up and didn't permit me to sleep, forcing me to make false confession.

I was not allowed to meet any member of my family or even the members of our Japanese embassy in Seoul.

I was permitted to meet my lawyer on five occasions and our conversation was entirely overheard by the KCIA men. Later, my lawyer was called to the KCIA and threatened not to tell the truth on the court. While I was in prison, the KCIA men came and demanded in a threatening tone that I cooperate with them in a trial farce. Otherwise, they said, you shall die and we will kill your wife. My wife is south Korean and now stays in south Korea.

In south Korea a trial is far from being worth its name. It is rather arbitrary terror action against civilians. At military tribunal such action is all the more unscrupulous. Even south Korean officers in uniform threatened me, a guiltless Japanese civilian.

At present a large number of guiltless people are in prison in south Korea. A south Korean college professor who was jailed on groundless charges was wounded all over his face and abdomen owing to the bestial tortures. He was tortured by the KCIA men to admit his connection with north Korea. He said he could not admit a false fact.

In south Korea not a trace of peace and democracy can be seen. This is why a large number of people are fighting to win the democratic rights. They are fighting within and without prison.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist "regime" of south Korea answers the demand of the south Korean people for democracy with ruthless repression and seeks permanent division in stead of reunification, in other words, "two Koreas" in stead of one Korea.

By virtue of plots and naked force they are further reinforcing the "revitalized system" and harshly suppressing all the opposition forces under the "Anti-Communist Law" and the "National Security Law."

But the United States and Japan are coming to the aid of the Pak "regime" thoroughly isolated from the south Korean population.

In conclusion I once again appeal to you to render more powerful support to the struggle of the south Korean people for the realization of democracy in south Korea and the reunification of the north and south.

I also appeal to you to struggle for the release of Kim Dae Jung, Kim Ji Ha and many other intellectuals, religionists and students who were detained for their valiant struggle for democracy in south Korea and the reunification of the homeland.

We Denounce US Imperialists' Attempts to Start War in Korea and Demand Withdrawal of All Foreign Troops from South Korea

Speeches of Foreign Public Figures

Speaking at the international press conference on the Korean question held in Brussels, public figures of various countries strongly demanded the withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea.

In his speech Steiner Sper, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Socialist Left-Party of Norway, said:

All the peaceloving people, democrats and anti-imperialist forces of the world should denounce the new war provocation manoeuvres of the United States in south Korea and demand the withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea.

We should strengthen solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for their country's reunification.

Our Party will in the future more actively support the struggle of the Korean people, further strengthening solidarity with them.

In his speech Marcel Tricon, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of France and Mayor of Arteuil, said:

The French Communists voice solidarity with the south Korean progressive figures, patriots and believers who are fighting for democratic freedom in the teeth of the harsh suppression and express solidarity for the fair proposals advanced by the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the just cause of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Communist Party of France is filled with the determination to launch and expand an extensive movement for solidarity with the Korean people.

Eduard Hafner, General Secretary of the Progressive Organizations of Switzerland and Chairman of the Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, expressed full support to the five-point policy of national reunification set forth by the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung.

He continued:

The US authorities must fully implement the resolution of the 30th session of the UN General Assembly. The Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification demands the immediate withdrawal of the US troops occupying south Korea.

The Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification demands that the Swiss government take all possible measures for supporting the resolution of the 30th session of the UN General Assembly. The Swiss government, as a member of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission, bears particular responsibility in this work.

Neither Switzerland nor the government of any country nor any part of the world has the right to support the division of Korea. The US imperialists and Japan, their ally, cannot have the "two Koreas" theory recognized.

The Korean question is an internal affair of the Korean people. As there is no reason now for unified Viet Nam to be divided, so there is no historic ground for Korea to be divided. The Swiss Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification calls upon the Swiss people to take a sane attitude towards the reality of Korea and take all measures for frustrating the constant aggressive acts of the US imperialists and their followers, Japan and south Korean puppet clique.

In order to check and frustrate the US imperialists' aggressive machinations against Korea, the peoples of Asia and Europe should make all sincere efforts and fight to prevent the provocation of a new dangerous war in Korea.

In his speech Kurt Regner, Member of the Austria-Korea Friendship Association, expressed, in the name of the Austrian people, solidarity with the Korean people's struggle for the country's peaceful reunification.

Danish writer-journalist Ganer Petersen expressed full support to the just cause of the Korean people in the name of all the progressive forces of Denmark.

He declared: We are aware that the struggle of the Korean people is ours and think that all countries of the world should support the Korean people's cause.

DPRK Delegation to International Press Conference in Brussels Holds News Conference

The delegation of our country which had attended the international press conference on the Korean question in Belgium, in the name of the Korean journalists delegation, held a news conference at the International Press Centre in Brussels on June 17, according to a report.

Present on the occasion were news agency, newspaper and radio reporters of various countries of the world and the press attaches of the Chinese, Benin and Burundi embassies in Brussels.

At the conference, Choe Sok Nam and Tachikawa made speeches exposing and denouncing the treacheries of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their fascist suppression of south Korean democrats and answered a number of questions put by correspondents.

Their speeches aroused fierce indignation at the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the stooge of US imperialism, among the attendants.

The conference was widely reported by the Belgian News Agency and US, British, French and other Western news agencies.

(Continued from Page 4)

ceful reunification. With the establishment of this system and promulgation of the "emergency decrees", the south Korean people found themselves, in a terror-ridden atmosphere, in a choking atmosphere where no one was allowed to utter a word about reunification: anyone who "condemns the government to a slightest degree by words or deeds" was severely punished and many were even sentenced to death.

Now the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique brought Kim Dae Jung, ex-"presidential" candidate; Yun Bo Son, ex-"president" of the puppet regime, and even Kim Ji Ha, a Christian and poet, before the kangarob court on groundless charges in an effort to punish them. This is suffice to show how far they have gone in a fit of fascist frenzy.

They have frantically kicked up the "anti-communist" row against us, raving about the "confrontation accompanied by dialogue", "competition accompanied by dialogue" and "co-existence accompanied by dialogue".

The extent of their wildcat "anti-communist" campaign is to be seen from the fact that they, openly harping on the "domination over communism" and "wiping out communism," staged such a farce as declaring the northern half of the Republic an "unrestored territory" and appointing riffraffs "governors" of "five provinces" and "magistrates of counties" in the north.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique invented "East Sea incident", "West Sea incident", "August 15 sniping incident", "tunnel incident" and the like in their "anti-communist" campaign against us.

It is obvious that their perfidious acts rendered it impossible to continue with the north-south dialogue any longer.

The south Korean authorities also negated the principle of peaceful reunification on which they had agreed with us.

Removal of the state of military confrontation and alleviation of tension between the north and south are an important prerequisite to the country's peaceful reunification.

We have exerted sincere efforts to eliminate the state of military confrontation and ease tension between the north and south. However, disregarding all these, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have strained the situation and led it to the brink of war by striving to modernize the puppet army, stepping up the war preparations and frequently committing acts of military provocation against us in the sky and on the ground and sea under the pretext of the fictitious "threat of southward aggression".

Today the US imperialists, hand in glove with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, brought in large quantities of latest-type weapons including nuclear weapons and war materiel and deployed them in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line. They keep the whole troops in combat readiness around the clock, watching for a chance to start war.

As a result, the current situation in Korea is now fraught with the danger of war breaking out any minute.

As seen from the above, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are a pack of traitors roundly violating the North-South Joint Statement and opponents of national reunification.

They openly declared their "two Koreas policy" to be their chief policy on June 23, 1973. This meant scrapping the North-South Joint Statement and proclaiming the rupture of the dialogue.

They are now clamouring for the "resumption of the dialogue" in an effort to cover up their criminal acts but can never dodge the responsibility for nullifying the dialogue in gross violation of the Statement.

No national reunification can be expected nor can the disastrous fratricidal war be prevented as long as the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, a band of infernal fascists, separatists and "anti-communist" war maniacs, are left intact as they are now.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique should be toppled.

South Korea Is a "Completely Dictatorial Society"

South Korean Democrats Sternly Castigate Pak Jung Hi Fascist Rogues at Hearings

The kangaroo court of the fascist Pak Jung Hi puppet clique held a number of hearings against the south Korean democrats including 18 personages involved in the "declaration for democracy and national salvation" and Kim Ji Ha, an honest-minded poet. But the "defendants" put up undaunted fight, now laying stress on the validity of their demand for democratic freedom against the puppet clique and then exposing and condemning their fascist criminal acts.

"Emergency Measures Are Illegal"

At public trial held on May 15 at the puppet Seoul district criminal court against those involved in the "declaration for democracy and national salvation", ex-"president" Yun Bo Son declared that "abolition of the revitalized constitution, withdrawal of emergency measures, and resignation of the present government called for in the 'declaration for democracy and national salvation' are my assertions" and that "I have long held that the emergency measures are unconstitutional and are null and void. There is nothing wrong in that this assertion is made known to the public at home and abroad". He sharply denounced, adding: "The emergency measures are illegal ones providing for detaining everyone on any charges. It is too mild to say that they are an evil law. They are absolutely illegal".

At the murderous court on May 19, Kim Dae Jung, ex-"presidential" candidate, and other democrats stated resolutely: "The contents of the declaration represent our legitimate demand. Abolition of the revitalized constitution and emergency measures is what we called for consistently"; "We signed because we wanted to become the men worthy of human beings"; "The keynote of the declaration is national reunification"; and "We take pride in the March First Movement, the student struggle and the movement for democracy, not in the revitalized constitution or emergency measures"; and "The indictment of the prosecuting attorney defiled them". At the court that day Kim Dae Jung flayed the unjustifiable acts of the puppet clique and said in protest against the attempt of the fascist hangmen to silence him: "The prosecutor said that the previous examination was the last one against me, but you mentioned nothing specific about charges brought against me at the previous examination. And I failed to express myself on the matter that I wanted to say"; "Now that you have brought in indictment against me, you have to convince me of charges brought against me."

"Revitalized Constitution Means a Sort of Coup D'etat"

One clergyman Yun was brought before the puppet court on June 5 as a "defendant". When the puppet prosecutor asked him for an explanation of his statement that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique should resign and "various laws were enacted to torment the people", he said that he hated and rejected traitor Pak Jung Hi and that the "laws" he referred to meant the "emergency measures ranging from No. 1 to No. 9". He bitterly castigated the puppet rogues for their fascist suppression and warned them that they should "give a serious thought to the consequences that will ensue".

Yun Bo Son also denounced the puppets, saying: "South Korea is a completely dictatorial society, though it exhibits a signboard of democracy"; "I still believe that I have done right when I called for abolition of the 'emergency measures' and resignation of the Pak Jung Hi clique in the declaration"; and "I wouldn't be scared, whatever sentence may be passed upon me."

At the hearing on June 19 Kim Dae Jung stated: "I can't approve the revitalized constitution"; "The revitalized constitution means a sort of coup d'etat" because the national assembly was dissolved and the activities of political parties were banned when it was rigged up."

Mereover, he disclosed that the aim pursued by the puppet clique in framing up "the revitalized constitution" was to stay in office for good. Referring to the "national referendum" held in February 1975 to win the "people's approval" of the fascist "revitalized system," Kim Dae Jung said that "Hitler enforced national referendum under martial law to fake up approval ballots when he swallowed up Austria" and he declared that "I can't approve the national referendum which was held exactly in the same atmosphere as that."

He said that he could hardly tolerate the fascist "revitalized" system of dictatorship under which the last spark of democratic freedom was extinguished. Touching upon the aim of publication of the "declaration for democracy and national salvation" he noted that it was to "make the truth known to the people", fight for materialization of democracy and bring it to the knowledge of the general public abroad."

"The Only Way Out Is to Realize Democracy"

Kim Ji Ha, an honest-minded poet of south Korea, was brought on May 18 before the kangaroo court of the fascist clique. He exposed and condemned the anti-popular acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, declaring: "The present regime is made up of a group of pro-Japanese elements. I am against the spongers who want to build their happiness by relying on outside forces, privileged class, and comprador capitalists"; "The revitalized system is a system designed to deprive the people of their basic rights and their right to existence and introduce Japanese capital to exploit them. It is a system which gives rise to the anti-popular infernal policies."

At the hearing on June 15 Kim Ji Ha stressed that the man's right to existence cannot be and should not be trampled underfoot by anyone and said that "the revitalized constitution is an out-and-out draconic law which puts down even the basic rights." He denounced, saying the "revitalized system and revitalized constitution are unjustifiable far beyond doubt and help toward furthering exploitation."

He declared that the puppet clique are "forcing the people to sacrifice themselves under the pretext of national security and are engrossed in deception and falsehood on the strength of the evil laws."

He said that "efforts should be made to solve the north-south problem with firm national consciousness" and held that the "only way out" is to realize democracy in south Korea.

(KCNA)

Somalia Vigorously Advances Towards Socialism

The Somali people have waged an energetic struggle to create a new society and a new life since they won national independence on July 1, 1960.

Since the October revolution in 1969 in particular, a revolutionary change has been brought about in Somalia and the struggle of the people for the independent development of the country has been gaining momentum.

After the revolution the Somali people under the correct leadership of President Mohamed Siad Barre, their distinguished leader, fought dynamically to smash the old ruling machinery and establish a new progressive socio-political system, frustrating incessant subversive and sabotaging activities of the imperialists and domestic reactionary forces, under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and independence, and accomplished fruitful results.

The valiant and diligent Somali people strove to solve all problems on the principle of self-reliance, advancing towards socialism. Under the motto of "Justice, Intense Labour and Progress" they nationalized factories, enterprises and banks owned by foreign imperialist monopolies and built new modern factories in different parts of the country. Production has been placed on a normal basis in factories and enterprises which started operation. The demand for consumer goods which had to be imported in the past is now met largely with home-made products.

Great achievements have also been made in agriculture. Various measures were taken for expansion of acreage under cultivation, introduction of irrigation system and new varieties and adoption of new farming methods. The result is that unprecedented successes have been scored in agricultural production.

At the end of the Five-Year Plan now put into effect the material and technical foundations of agriculture will be solidified and the proportion of self-sufficiency in farm produce be raised remarkably.

Under the slogan of "Somalianization of Education" a great deal of attention is devoted to national education.

Compulsory free primary education is now in force and the adult education system is being set up gradually.

The Korean people admire the Somali people for what they have done.

Referring to the need to strengthen friendship and solidarity with the Somali people, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"We will powerfully hasten the victory of our common cause by fighting in firm unity with all the revolutionary peoples of the world, learning from each other, supporting and cooperating with each other and filling each other's needs."

The relations of friendship and cooperation sealed between the two peoples who are energetically fighting under the uplifted banner of anti-imperialism and independence, helping and supporting each other, are daily increasing.

The Somali people's support to the Korean people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and the Korean people's full support and encouragement to the Somali people's struggle to build a new society will be everlasting.

The peoples of the two countries will even more staunchly fight shoulder to shoulder with each other to consolidate and develop the Non-Alignment and win victory in the world revolution, holding aloft the banner of unity and the banner of struggle.

Yun Hae Ik

Somali youth are accustomed to practical work so that they can acquire the rudiments of mechanism

Angola Severely Punishes Imperialists

The Angolan people's revolutionary court on June 28 gave a death rap to four imperialist mercenaries and a long prison term to nine others for the subversive and wrecking activities against the Angolan people, according to a report from Luanda.

They are mostly US and British mercenaries.

Those hirelings of the US and other imperialists, at the dictates of their masters, found their way to Angola in order to commit vicious criminal acts against the Angolan government and people, instigating the counter-revolutionary elements and sowing discord and inciting hostility among her people.

The recent determined step taken by the Angolan people's revolutionary court against imperialist mercenaries was a deserved reprisal on the imperialists and their lackeys for their crimes and a legitimate exercise of sovereignty by Angola, an independent state.

No aggression, interference and subversion on the part of the imperialists against the Angolan people would escape the latter's stern punishment.

(KCNA)

Hail 3rd Anniversary of Proclamation of the Second Republic of Rwanda

The proclamation of the Second Republic of Rwanda on July 5, 1973 was an important event that opened up a new vista in the struggle of its people to promote the development of their country and create a new society and a new life.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The African peoples, united firmly around their parties, governments and leaders, are vigorously turning out to the building of new societies and exerting especially great efforts to defend political independence and achieve economic self-support."

The Rwandan people have achieved many successes in all the domains of politics, economy and culture under the correct leadership of President Habyarimana Juvenal, their outstanding leader, for the past three years that followed the proclamation of the Second Republic.

Especially, through the vigorous struggle for "Rwandanization" of the economy they have attained new successes and striven to firmly lay economic foundations.

The government took a series of progressive steps to raise the procurement price of coffee, main source of foreign earnings, control prices of commodities at home and regulate the old system of taxation. This has led to increasing the farmers' zeal for production.

The result is that the output of grain crops and various other farm produce is on the increase.

In the external activity Rwanda pursues the non-aligned policy and develops the relations of friendship and cooperation with the peoples fighting for justice and progress.

The government is resolutely denouncing the apartheid of the Vorster and Smith racialists and is exerting every effort to clear Africa of imperialism, colonialism and racialism and accelerate the cause of complete liberation of this continent.

The Korean people actively support all the progressive measures taken by the government of Rwanda and rejoice as their own over the successes scored by the Rwandan people in the revolution and construction.

The government and people of Rwanda give strong support and approval to the Korean people's righteous struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country at the UN and other international forums.

This is a great encouragement to the just cause of our people.

The Korean people who value the militant friendship, solidarity and cooperation with the non-aligned countries, the countries of the new-emerging forces, take pride in the fact that they have the Rwandan people as their friend.

The Korean people will, as in the past, in the future, too, strive hard to further strengthen and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation with the Rwandan people.

Yun Ri

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